TIMES OFFICE
No. 26 Broad St.
Opposite Driard.

Victoria Times.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA B. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1894. No. 264

BRIGHT RED BLOOD . . .
Is produced by iron in the system. To obtain this condition it is not necessary to eat tacks or similar forms of iron. Simply use Jo es' Beef, Iron and Wine, sold only at the P. P. P., 30 Government Street. Always open.

Something Interesting

For the ladies at Challoner & Mitchell's this week. Ladies' Combination Sets, consisting of Buttons and Cuff Links in silver and enamel—very pretty; Belts and Neck Clasps with sterling silver ornaments; Umbrella Clasps, etc., at prices very close to the cost.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,
47 Government Street.

The Westside.

70 GOVERNMENT STREET. . . . VICTORIA

Ladies who make purchases in our Cloak Department have the gratifying confidence and feeling that the Style is in strict accordance with the Fashionable and Refined Taste prevailing at the present time. Excellence of Style and Good Value is our motto.

HEINRICH DOWE, a German, invented a process that renders cloth bullet proof. So perfect is his invention that he has actually stood up dressed in a uniform of this wonderful cloth and been shot at without injury.

We do not claim that our Waterproof Ulsters with Golf Capes to be bullet proof, but we do claim that while porous they are impervious to rain, and that's what's wanted for months to come.

All our New Capes, Jackets, Rain and Waterproof Garments fit well, look well and give such satisfaction that customers are sure to come again. That's how our business has been built.

PRICES.—When you have compared prices you will find Spot Cash's quotations are the lowest in the city.

ISITWETENOUGHFORYOU?

If so, come and buy an Umbrella. Fifty dozen direct from the maker, just opened. A large assortment of Novelties in Ladies' Ivory, Plain and Mounted in Silver and Gold Plated. Prices range from 75 cents upward and satisfaction is guaranteed.

J HUTCHESON & CO.

Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy,
But not express'd in fancy; rich not gaudy:
For the apparel oft proclaims the man.—
SHAKESPEARE.

OUR SPECIALTIES
....Large Complete Stock
....Staff of Competent Workmen
....High Class Work
....Artistic Excellence in every
....detail.

A. GREGG & SON,
....Tailors, Yates Street.

C. H. STICKELS . . . .

ROOMS: 19 to 22 . . . .
Board of Trade Building.

CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT.
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

Henry Irving
And
Ellen Terry

have no trouble in filling a theatre. Ability is the great secret underlying their remarkable success. It is with considerable modesty that I speak of my ability and my success. To begin with, my customers all..... of the easy fitting variety. They tell me my ability lies in buying shoes right, and my success in selling them right. If you want good quality of leather and good quantity of comfort, come to

Wear Shoes

A. B. ERSKINE

Corner Government and Johnson Sts.

THE CZAR IS DEAD.

Death Comes This Afternoon and Although Expected Causes Much Sorrow.

Czarina Remains at the Bedside of Her Husband Until the Last Moment.

Livadia, Nov. 1.—The czar died at 2.20 this afternoon, and the news was immediately forwarded to the Russian ministers at foreign ports and officially announced at St. Petersburg and other Russian cities. The bulletin issued this morning said the czar passed a sleepless night and was in a very dangerous condition. The czarina, though mentally exhausted, remained at the bedside of the czar until the last moment. The Duchess of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, sister of the czar, arrived this morning and was also present at the time of his death.

At noon the action of the czar's heart began to enfeeble rapidly, and about half-past one unconsciousness supervened. The action of the heart became intermittent, and was scarcely perceptible until it ceased altogether.

London, Nov. 1.—The foreign office received a dispatch from St. Petersburg stating that the czar's death occurred at 2.20 p.m. The announcement was officially communicated from Livadia to Marlborough House, the residence of the Prince of Wales.

The death of the czar was confirmed by dispatches from Livadia to the Westminster Gazette, which paper appears in mourning.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 1.—The Russian embassy got the first news of the emperor's death through the United Press. The Russian minister was profoundly moved by the announcement. When the announcement is officially received the legation will be closed until after the funeral and the minister and his secretaries will wear mourning for one year. The news reached the White House after the president left on a shooting trip. No action will be taken by the government until the president is officially notified by the Russian ambassador.

From remarks dropped at the Russian legation when the minister was informed of the death of the czar, it is believed his death will cause the postponement of the marriage of the czarewitch and Princess Alix for one year.

Stettin, Nov. 1.—The kaiser received the news of the death of the czar while dining with the officers of the grenadiers at Stettin. His majesty immediately wired a message of condolence to the czarina and the czarewitch.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 1.—It is announced that the last public message issued by the czar was a telegram to the troops of the district of Moscow thanking them for congratulations sent him on the occasion of the anniversary of his escape from death in the railway disaster at Borki.

The police have made a number of arrests of nihilists implicated in a plot against the czarewitch.

Paris, Nov. 1.—The news of the czar's death created a sensation and caused profound sorrow in this city.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 31.—A bulletin from Livadia at ten o'clock last night says that during the day the spitting of blood by the czar continued. He was sometimes seized with fits of shivering. His temperature was 101 degrees Fahrenheit. The pulsations were weak. Respiration is difficult. He can take little nourishment, and is becoming very weak. The edema has increased considerably.

London, Oct. 31.—At the urgent request of the czarina, which was received at Marlborough house this afternoon, the Prince and Princess of Wales will start to-day for Livadia, and will travel night and day until they get there.

The Times' St. Petersburg correspondent says: When to-day's bulletins from Livadia were published, the people fell upon their knees and with tears in their eyes prayed for the czar's recovery. To-night's bulletin relieved the anxiety resulting from several unfounded rumors that his majesty was already dead. It is stated that inflammation of the lungs has weakened the action of the heart. A private telegram from Yalta says the doctors in attendance on the czar held an unusually long consultation to-night, hence the issuing of the bulletin was later than usual. The emperor is conscious and able to converse with the doctors and his relatives. The czarina never leaves the sick room. His majesty suffers heroically and makes no complaint. Yesterday he tried to attend to state papers and letters, but was obliged to stop by fits of coughing which lasted some hours. The coughing was accompanied by intense pain, and blood appeared in the phlegm. The doctors were undecided at first as to whether the blood was from the throat or lungs. The coughing continued all night. The czar made no attempt to return to his bed, but remained in his arm chair. Dr. Zacharin is of the opinion that a portion of the clotted blood got into the left lung and produced inflammation. It is hoped now that the clot will get absorbed, otherwise his breathing will be seriously impeded.

To-day his majesty has eaten nothing. He looks pale and worn. He has taken medicine. When the doctors went to his room at the usual time to-night, his majesty declined to receive them until 9 o'clock. The late hour at which the bulletin was received caused much anxiety.

New York, Oct. 31.—A special from Copenhagen says: In consequence of an urgent telegram, the king and his wife will start to-morrow for Livadia. They will join the Prince and Princess of Wales.

Yalta, Oct. 30.—The czar received holy communion yesterday. The condition of the czar is much worse to-day. All his immediate relatives are here, including the Queen of Greece, Court Minister Count Voronzoff-Dashkoff, the procurator of the holy synod, Father Podiedonostzeffan, and Prince Dolgouroki, grand master of ceremonies, are also in attendance.

The sixth anniversary of the czar's escape from death in a railroad disaster near Borki was celebrated yesterday with great solemnity at Livadia and elsewhere throughout Russia. At Yalta services were conducted at the palace by the confessors of the emperor, and were attended by the czarina, the members of the imperial family, the Queen of Greece and guest. The imperial family's banquet, usually given on the evening of the anniversary, was abandoned.

ALEXANDER III. (Alexandrovitch), Emperor and Autocrat of All the Russias, who succeeded to the throne on the murder of his father by Nihilist conspirators on March 13, N. S. 1881, was bornborn March 10, 1845. For some time after his elevation to the throne he seldom appeared in public, but lived in the closest retirement at Gatchina, being in constant dred of the machinations of the secret societies of Socialists. His coronation took place at Moscow, May 27, 1883. He married in 1866 Marie Feodorovna (formely Mary Sophia Frederica Dagmar), daughter of Christian IX., King of Denmark, and sister of the Princess of Wales and the King of Greece. The principal concern of the Czar has been to put down Nihilism; to developethe military power of Russia; to organise har Asiatic and Caucasian provinces; and to keep a steady eye upon Constantinople.

London Hospital Cough Cure | CURES

COCHRANE & MUNN,
Druggists, Corner Yates and Douglas Sts.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Sewing by the day by a dressmaker just from Winnipeg; first class work promised. Miss Shepherd, 15 George street. n1-1m

WANTED—A general servant who understands cooking; for Wellington. Apply to Mrs. G. Leiser, 93 Pandora St. n1

TO BE LET or leased the Globe Hotel, Esquimalt, in good running order; will shortly be vacant; a good chance for an energetic man. Address Mrs. M. Fisher, 143 Pandora Avenue, City. n1-1m

A GOLDEN RULE SOCIAL AND DANCE will be held by the Daughters of England in the Sir William Wallace Hall this evening at 8 o'clock. Admission 25c. 1t

EXCHANGE 100 acres improved farm with some stock in exchange for good city property. Sale on easy terms or exchange 10 acre blocks of good land. One lot 60x120, near Fernwood road, $275, half cash, good terms. Three and three quarter acres, clear, $500. House and two lots, outside city limits, $1,400. No. 6 Store street. n1-1t

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Is hereby given that the following streets, viz.: Pandora, Carnoson and Johnson streets, being part of sections 17, 18, 19, and 20, Spring Ridge, Victoria, and are named and defined on a plan of the subdivisions of the said sections, which is numbered "154" and which was deposited in the office of the Registrar General of Titles, Victoria, July 26, 1884, will be closed from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. to-morrow, Nov. 2nd, 1894.

A. DeCOSMOS.

Victoria, B.C., Nov. 1st, 1894. n1-1t

AUCTION SALE!

Stock in Trade of a Store, Crockery, Lamps, Glassware, Etc.

TUESDAY, NOV. 6, at 11 a.m.

I will sell by Auction on the premises in the Jewell Block, Douglas street, a large quantity of Dinner and Tea Sets, Glass and Kitchen Ware, Lamps and Glasses, Crockery, Chamber Sets, Side Board, Sofa, China Country, Stands, Etc.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

OUIMET BARRED OUT.

Not Acting Minister of Justice at the Present Juncture.

Ottawa, Nov. 1.—Billy Leacy, the famous home player of the Capital lacrosse team, is to be appointed postmaster at Cardinal in place of his brother, who died last week. Billy is at present a mail clerk.

Ouimet is not acting minister of justice as usual in the absence of Thompson. This is owing to his connection with the Curran bridge matter. The department is now prosecuting his cousin, St. Louis.

Darcy Hugh McMahon, son of Justice McMahon, Toronto, was married here yesterday to Jessie McKey, daughter of McKey, the millionaire lumberman. Archbishop Walsh, of Toronto, was here at the marriage, which took place in St. Patrick's church. It caused a big flutter in society circles.

CABLE DISPATCHES.

Scheme for the Amalgamation of the Trades Unions of the United Kingdom.

Allan Line People Discuss Huddart's Proposed Atlantic Service.

London, Oct. 30.—A Berlin dispatch says that Prince von Hohenlohe Langenburg has accepted the office of governor of Alsace-Lorraine.

Cardinal Prince Hohenlohe called upon the pope to-day to speak with him concerning his brother's appointment to the German chancellorship.

The German emperor has offered Caprivi the command of the army corps, but for the present the ex-chancellor desires rest.

The Spanish cabinet resigned to-day because the ministers could not agree as to several measures to be introduced in the coming session of the cortes, the most notable of which was the proposal to reform the tariff. Queen Regent Christina accepted the resignations, but is understood to have requested Signor Sagasta to form a new cabinet. Should he consent several of his late colleagues will join him.

The French chamber of deputies had a field day over the question as to whether Deputy Mirman, having been called upon to serve as a soldier, may continue to sit in the chamber of deputies. Premier Dupuy and M. Mercier declared that the exercise of M. Mirman's legislative powers must be suspended during the period of his military service. Generals Rui and Jaug, Admiral Vallon, M. Humbert Rivet and others contended that the legislative mandate was not capable of suspension. The chamber, by a vote of 307 to 215, approved the government's attitude that M. Mirman's legislative functions must be suspended. At the announcement of the vote M. Jaures shouted, "That is a slave's vote." The socialist deputies continued a tremendous uproar for several minutes.

The trial of the notorious anarchist, Merlino, began in Florence to-day. The charge is that he published articles inciting the people to revolution. Merlino was condemned some years ago in Contumacium with Cipriani and Malatesta.

The Daily News correspondent in Vienna says that the excitement owing to the delay of the franchise reform increases daily. At an indignation meeting in a suburb to-day the arrest of a socialist leader named Schuhmayer incensed the workmen so greatly as to almost provoke a riot. The police attacked and scattered last evening a larg crowd of workingmen who had just left a meeting in the suburbs to march though the city.

In the cabinet council at the Elysee today the ministers considered the case of M. Favette, the high official who almost wrecked the cabinet by charging up dinners and six cab fares against the government. At the instance of M. Lourties, minister of commerce, President Casimir-Perier signed a decree removing M. Favette from office. M. Guerin, minister of justice, says that the papers bearing on M. Favette's misconduct will be submitted to the attorney-general.

The socialist deputies have drawn up their programme for the next session of the Belgian parliament. They propose to submit bills for a general amnesty of political and press offenders, for the regulation of hours of labor, for workingmen's insurance and state inspection of labor conditions and revision of the tariff.

The directors of the Empire music hall have applied to the court of queen's bench for a mandamus to compel the county council to hear again their application for a license.

Lord Rosebery was the recipient of the freedom of the city of Bristol to-day, where he unveiled the statue of Edmund Burke and paid a high tribute to the memory of the eminent statesman. Balfour is confined to his bed by illness, but it is not serious.

A meeting of the McCarthyite faction of the Irish parliamentary party has been summoned in Dublin on November 12.

The Times' correspondent in Rome says Herr von Heyden, minister of justice, is expected to retire.

The Allan line people will have in tomorrow's Times a letter combatting Mr. Huddart's last communication, and maintaining, without fear of contradiction, that a speed of twenty knots is incompatible with safety in winter. A change to Nova Scotia as a terminus, they say, would mean a further barrier to the development of Nova Scotia trade. They quote in triumph an extract from an article published on this subject by the New York Journal of Commerce on October 15.

As a result of the trades union congress recently held at Norwich, a movement is on foot looking to the amalgamation of all the labor organizations of the United Kingdom upon the principle of the American Federation of Labor. The organizing committee this week submitted a plan of organization to the parliamentary committee of the trades union congress, and through that body it will be submitted to the trades unions throughout the country for their approval. The scheme provides for the grouping of kindred trades into federations, with a national executive committee and officers having powers of here and advice.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

LORD SALISBURY'S REPLY.

His Defence of the House of Lords Against the Attack of Lord Rosebery.

Objection to a Popular Vote on Rival Resolutions of the Two Houses.

London, Oct. 31.—Lord Salisbury, speaking in Edinburgh last evening, replied to Lord Rosebery's speech against the house of lords. The prime minister, he said, had drawn a big herring in the way of home rule, but it was evident that during his Bradford address he mentally, if not actually, held his tongue in his cheek. Lord Rosebery had no more power than had anybody else to determine the subject which should be referred to the electors at the next election. To submit a detailed measure to the electors was certainly an honest proceeding, and in the form in which it existed in the States was decidedly advantageous to good government and the stability of the country. However, Lord Rosebery had not stated his project, but had merely asked that a blank cheque be drawn in favor of his instruments in the house of commons. It was ridiculous to suppose that the English and Scotch electorates would place their necks under the feet of men in the west and south of Ireland who had sent Archbishop Walsh's battalions to Westminster. If Liberals would only drop this ruinous Irish policy the parties in the house of lords would be found more evenly balanced than ever before. He would warn the people earnestly against an unrestricted representative chamber. Urging new theories prompted new cowardice.

"I have heard," he said, "many propositions to change the constitution of the house of lords. Some of them I sympathize with; some of them are doubtless very bad. But everybody is agreed that all of them would result in making the house of lords much stronger against the house of commons than it now is. Such proposals, therefore, did not suit the preall of them would result in making the commons supreme. But Lord Rosebery enunciated no programme or policy; he merely proposed to his followers a string of conundrums with which their intellects doubtless will be engaged for the short time remaining to the present parliament. The lords threw out the measure passed in the commons solely by the support of members from the west and south of Ireland. By doing so the lords merely prevented the revolutionary changes in the constitution which those members dictated."

"I do not contend that England and Scotland have the power of imposing new conditions upon Ireland, but I do claim that when a revolutionary change is proposed their voices must be heard, and unless there be a second chamber they could not be heard. Lord Rosebery's resolution will be passed against the voices of England and Scotland by the Irish, but does he imagine that it wil possess any authority? Everybody knows that it is impossible that the house of lords be swept away to enable England and Scotland to abase themselves. The proposition is ludicrous, although made by the premier. Lord Rosebery said that the resolution of the commons carried great force in the west. So they did, but they had been resolutions respecting the finances of the country and the guidance of the house in the exercise of undoubted rights. The commons may pass this resolution, but it will have no legal weight. The house of lords would also pass a resolution placing the case before the English people. Then dissolution would follow, and the electors, as usual, would vote about matters more nearly concerning their hearts without thinking twice of the rival resolutions. I do not mean for a moment to say that the constitution would endure if the majority of the nation were distinctly and steadily against it, but before altering it we must ascertain the real opinion of the nation, and although threats of physical force might be made, I should be very much surprised to see the English people applying force to ensure their own wishes subjected to those of the west and south of Ireland."

"Lord Rosebery complained of empty Liberal benches in the house of lords, not many years since this was quite different. The majority of the peers supported the Liberal government against the Conservative opposition after the death of Palmerston. Why this remarkable change? It is because Liberal opinions, not men, have changed. The latter had been far sighted enough to see that Gladstone's policy was fatal to the integrity of the empire, and had joined the ranks of those who desired to render the severance of England and Ireland impossible. The proposed changes in the house of lords would affect vast sections of society. By no means the rich alone opposed the government."

"Numbers who were attached to the religious institutions of the country and valued freedom, security of contract and sanctity of property, trembled in fear lest the new theories and new cowardice prompting them should shatter the hopes of a steady advance in the morality and knowledge of mankind. The struggle would be a desperate one, but there was no doubt as to how it would terminate."

In closing his address Lord Salisbury expressed confidence that Mr. Joseph Chamberlain's domestic proposals would receive the hearty support of the unionists of all sections.

GRAND TRUNK MEETING.

Shareholders Defeat a Motion to Adopt the Report.

London, Oct. 30.—At a meeting of the shareholders of the Grand Trunk this afternoon President Tyler moved the adoption of the report and accounts of the road, but an amendment was moved and carried by a vote of 161 to 160 that the adoption of the report be postponed until after the investigation. Sir Henry Tyler challenged the vote, and a reballot will be held to-night. The directors upon entering the meeting were greeted with hisses and cheers in about equal proportions. Sir Henry said he had not gone over to Canada this year because his presence there would have caused applications for increases of wages as well as applications for employment, which could not be granted. He attributed the increase in the Grand Trunk's traffic business to the depression in the United States and the western railroad strikes. He believes now that the fiscal policies of the United States and Canada are settled, trade will revive. Sir Henry, continuing, said expenses had been kept as low as possible. The directors saw no reason to oppose the proposals made by the committee for an investigation of the affairs of the company. (Cheers.) They had nothing to conceal.

Mr. Heygate, a shareholder, seconded the remarks of Sir Henry Tyler.

Mr. Joseph Price, manager of the association of American bondholders, acted as the spokesman of the committee to which Sir Henry Tyler had referred, and said the committee proposed to entrust their inquiry to Mr. R. S. Baker, formerly manager of the Northern Canada railway, who had consented to act. Mr. Price said he was a member of a deputation representing the owners of 500,000 pounds of stock, which deputation had waited upon the directors the other day. Some of the hsareholders represented had urged the inauguration of a hard proxy fight at the present meeting, but he had discouraged that, because there was no doubt that the directors were face to face with a crisis and it would seriously embarrass the board to engage in a severe contest between them and the shareholders. The principal reason why the deputation waited on the directors was that they objected to the unintelligible form in which the accounts had been put forward and complained of the amount of assistance which the board had given to subsidiary lines.

Sir Henry Tyler, in his first speech, said, in addition to his previously reported remarks, that the directors had accepted the committee's proposal that the committee select its own agent, whom the directors agreed to allow to examine the books of the company, the committee to give its agent written instructions, which were to be agreed to by the directors. He had received a draft of these instructions yesterday evening, and the board would meet after the adjournment of the present meeting to consider them. The officials of the company were conducting the affairs of the road with the strictest economy and the directors were striving to preserve its credit in order that it might emerge from the present crisis with its resources unimpaired.

A Shareholder—"Is the credit of the company in doubt?"

Sir Henry Tyler said he hoped it was not, but the position of the company was too serious to admit of any dissensions among the shareholders.

Mr. Baker called attention to the fact that the annual salary of General Manager Sargeant was 4000 pounds, whereas the premier and judges of the Dominion of Canada received only one-third of that sum.

The Financial News will say to-morrow: "The Grand Trunk meeting began and continued to the end in the same way as most other Grand Trunk meetings. It is doubtful if the shareholders' interests were furthered in the slightest. It was a display of clumsy comedy rather than a serious effort to procure a remedy. The crisis is of the greatest importance. The whole difficulty is due to the fearful burdens resulting from ambitious extensions."

AMERICAN CATTLE.

Germany Prohibits Both Live and Dressed Beef.

Berlin, Oct. 30.—The prohibition against the landing of American cattle and American dressed beef, announced by a decree of the Hamburg senate on Saturday last, was extended to-day to every port in Germany. Interviews had with the officials of the interior department of the Prusian husbandry department and the German foreign offices would seem to show that the prohibition is of a preventive nature, and the action of individual German states. The foreign officials, for instance, state that the prohibition is no affair of theirs, as the measures adopted are purely administrative and sanitary, and that they strictly belong to each German state. The empire, as those officials add, has not taken any step to prohibit the landing of American cattle or American meat. The officials of the interior department say the importation of cattle from America suffering from Texas fever has been clearly proved, and that the measures taken are purely of a precautionary nature, such as each German state is entitled to exercise through its police authority within its own territory.

Chicago, Oct. 30.—A Washington City special to the Chicago Daily News says: Secretary Morton was at the cabinet meeting to-day for the first time since his return from Europe. The principal subject discussed was the recent action of the German government discriminating against American cattle and American beef. Secretary Morton called the attention of the President and other cabinet members to the fact that Germany was an unimportant factor in our foreign market for cattle and beef, saying:

"Great Britain last year imported 393,941 head of American cattle while Germany took 4000. One American farmer could supply the entire German market, of which it is said we have been just deprived. Then why this great scare? The fact is that 75 per cent. of our American products exported finds a market in Great Britain."

Secretary Morton intimated that there was no great concern felt by the administration over Germany's action.

Washington, Oct. 30.—The announcement that the embargo placed upon American cattle by the senate of Hamburg had been extended to the length of an exclusion of American cattle and dressed beef from every part of Germany, was received with surprise by department officials to-day. The Texas fever was merely a ground which Germany could adopt for enforcing retaliatory measures against the United States, because of the supposed discrimination against German interests in the sugar schedule of the tariff bill, was the prevailing impression. The German ambassador, however, notified the secretary of state yesterday that the measure of exclusion was inspired solely by sanitary reasons and had no political motive behind it. Government officials are obliged to take this view of the case, since any other view might seem a reflection upon the ambassador.

RIGBY

This is the season when we properly appreciate a warm, comfortable, porous waterproof coat. Everybody is asking for "Rigby."

DRESSMAKERS DIFFER

About fashions in dresses, but everyone agrees that the best foundation for any costume is the

"HEALTH BRAND,"

Black tights, which allow the figure to be shewn to perfection and do away with overstockings, bloomers, and unnecessary skirts.

All ladies in Montreal wore them last fall and winter, and during the coming season nothing else will be considered, they were such a success.

Send for our illustrated catalogue, free by post, if your own dealer has not got them.

THE MONTREAL SILK MILLS CO., Montreal.

Erasmic Toilet Soap for Ladies and Children, Especially for the skin; Lovely odour, Luxuriously pure.

There was a man in a far away town
Who thought him wondrous wise.
He swore by all the fabled gods
He'd never advertise.

His goods were advertised at last,
And hereby hangs a tale.
An ad was seen in nonpareil
And headed "Sheriff's Sale."

—Truth.

What is the use of trying to remember which is the fastest horse or who is the fastest bicyclist if we are to have a new fastest one every morning?—Boston Globe.

Insurance Agent (to widow)—I will send you a check for the $5000 insurance on your late husband.

Widow—Ah, if my poor husband had only lived to see this day!

He—If I'd known that tunnel was so long I'd have kissed you.

She—Gracous; didn't you? Somebody did.—The Great Divide.

Broken in Health

That Tired Feeling, Constipation and Pain in the Back

Appetite and Health Restored by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Mr. Chas. Steele
St. Catherine's, Ont.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"For a number of years I have been troubled with a general tired feeling, shortness of breath, pain in the back, and constipation. I could get only little rest at night on account of the pain and had no appetite whatever. I was that tired in my limbs that I gave out before half the day was gone. I tried a great number of medicines but did not get any permanent relief from any source until, upon recommendation of a friend, I purchased a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which made me feel better at once. I have continued its use, having taken three bottles, and

I Feel Like a New Man.

I have a good appetite, feel as strong as ever. I did not have perfect rest at night. I have much pleasure in recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla." CHARLES STEELE, with Erie Preserving Co., St. Catherine's, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House.

83 Douglas St.

SOME REAL BARGAINS!

We have bought a manufacturer's lot of Sample Umbrellas at a discount of 30 per cent. so we can sell you cheap Umbrellas.

. . . ALSO . . .

A manufacturer's lot of sample carpets. We can give you pieces of Carpet worth $1.50 for 50c.

A Complete Stock in Every Department at Reasonable Prices.

J. Horner & Co.

Just arrived, first car of new season's curing Griffin's Celebrated Winnipeg Meats.

EASTERN PORK AND PROVISION STORE.

13 & 14 City Market, opposite Broad St. Also, fifty small tubs Fall Creamery and Choice Dairy Butter. oc25-1mo

GROCERIES.

DON'T.. FORGET

We import direct, do business under small expense and sell at Rock Bottom Figures.

Always on hand a large and well selected stock of Flour, Bran, Shorts, Chops, Wheat and Rolled Barley. Give us a call at 261 Douglas Street.

JOHNS BROS

Cash Grocery

First of the Season.

Finnan Haddies

49ER HAMS

49ER BACON

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

NOTICE.

In addition to my Agency for WELLS FARGO & CO., I am now prepared to receive Express matter of every description for transmission daily to SEATTLE, TACOMA, SPOKANE, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS and other points in connection with the GREAT NORTHERN COMPANY.

MONEY ORDERS issued payable at 15,000 cities and special facilities for the payment of MONEY BY TELEGRAPH.

GOLD DUST and BARS purchased.

AGENCY of the Canton Insurance Office (Marine) of Hongkong.

F. H. WORLOCK,
Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co.
18 Trounce Avenue. o4

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

Read This

List and compare it with others, you will then find the advantage in price and terms of calling on

LEE & FRASER,

11 Trounce Avenue

15 acres, good land, near city, dwelling, outbuildings and fine orchard, 12 acres cleared; price, $2700.
3 acres Ross Bay, all improved, with dwelling for $2500.
1 corner lot, Dudley avenue; price, $900, easy terms.
1 lot Fernwood road, good location for building; only $475.
1 lot, Edward street, 60x122; planted in fruit trees; $630.
Also good list of farms from $25 to $100 per acre.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS' USE. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance or youthful indiscretion. Six boxes cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes $5.00. Manufactured by STEELE, MIAMI CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold by all druggists everywhere.

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AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND

Bazaar and Concert

The nineteenth annual Bazaar and Concert of the Reformed Episcopal Church will be held in Philharmonic Hall

THURSDAY Afternoon and Evening,

November 1st.

Grand Concert and Tableaux in the evening. Admission, 50 cents. Family tickets of three persons, $1.00. Children 25 cents. No admittance fee during the afternoon.

"God Save the Queen."

St. Andrew's & Caledonian Society

Halloween Concert

Under the distinguished patronage and presence of His Excellency Lord Aberdeen,

GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF CANADA,

IN THE VICTORIA THEATRE,

Monday Ev'g, 5th November, '94

Tickets, 50 cents. Reserved seats, 25 cents extra. Seats can be reserved at Jameson's bookstore. Tickets for sale by members of the society and at principal stores. Doors open 7:30. Concert at 8:15. Carriages at 10:15.

A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

Finest and best equipped Hall in the city for Concerts, Balls and Socials.

FINE STAGE,
LARGE GALLERY,
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF,
PROPERLY VENTILATED,
ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

Open for engagements after 5th October next. ALSO TWO LARGE LODGE ROOMS.

Apply to G. Leiser,, R. T. Williams, J. D. Warren, Hall Committee.

POLITICAL CASES.

Two Law Disputes Arising Out of the Late Local Election.

In the county court at New Westminster before Judge Bole on Tuesday there was a hearing in the suit of Ladner vs. Lucas. This is a suit at the instance of W. H. Ladner, of Delta, against Locksley Lucas for $20, the amount of a note. Mr. Ladner avers that this amount was lent to Lucas. Cross-examined by Mr. Lucas Mr. Ladner said he did not understand that Lucas came to his house on political matters. He understood him to come to borrow money. They had some whiskey together. He did not say that if he were chosen as the candidate he would place $1000 in the hands of the committee. He loaned him the $20 only for the purpose of helping him out of the scrape with his landlord who had put the bailiff in his house. The next day he saw Lucas and told him he had the money and asked that the note be signed. Asked to presentment of it, he did not know that he had presented the note when it was due. He had repeatedly asked for payment of it. There had been no proceedings taken because had repeatedly got promises of payment. This money was given outside of any political purpose.

At this point Mr. Lucas desired to be allowed to retain counsel and was allowed a brief adjournment for this purpose.

Mr. Gaynor then appeared for Mr. Lucas and examined Mr. Ladner. He never formally presented the note at Mr. McKee's office. He was a member of the Delta Political Organization, and signed the agreement to abide by the result of the convention. He had agreed to give that organization $5, and he was now agreeable to deduct that amount from the note. Mr. Lucas said he got the money under the following circumstances: He was asked to Mr. Ladner's house on April 3rd and they talked over political matters, when Mr. Ladner expressed the desire to get the nomination. They talked over ways and means and he explained that he was so much money out of pocket and he could not do any more. Mr. Ladner said if he got the nomination he would pay him $500 and allow $1000 for other expenses. He asked for some funds on account and said $20 would be sufficient. Mr. Ladner said he would give the amount next day. He emphatically denied having asked for that money to pay his rent. On the fourth Mr. Ladner came to him and said he had the money and he took him over to the office and gave him it, and then produced a note for signature. Asked what this note was for he said as the preliminary expenses were to be paid by the successful candidate he wished this to show that he got the money. From that date till a date in August, he was never asked for repayment of that money. More than that, when Mr. Ladner subscribed $5 for the Delta Political Organization, he said he would pay him (Lucas) next day. In August, when Mr. Ladner asked him for the payment of the note, he told him he would pay the note when the money came in which was promised for the political campaign. He signed the note as representing the Delta Political Organization. He moved into his present house on March 7th, and his rent was [illegible] month. Before April 4th, he had disbursed $10 for repairs and the landlord owed him [illegible]. The note given by Mr. Ladner was simply a voucher for the Delta olitical Organization. The note was never presented to him and never to his knowledge at Mr. McKee's.

Cross-examined by Mr. Howay: He was appointed secretary of the D. P. O. on April 21st. He began to organize it about the end of March, and before a secretary was appointed they had enrolled members who signed the rules of the association. He did not dispute that the money was due to Mr. Ladner, and it would be paid as soon as the funds came into the association.

After hearing counsel judgment was reserved.

The appeal in the case of Kitchen vs. Paisley from the decision rendered by Messrs. Boddington and Bulwer, J. P.'s at Mission City, on the first day of September last, was heard at New Westminster before Mr. Justice McCreight and a jury of five. The case, as is generally known, is one arising out of an information laid by Mr. Thomas E. Kitchen, M. P. P., against the defendant, charging him with having while acting in the capacity of a collector of votes for the electoral district of Chilliwack, "wilfully, wrongfully and without reasonable cause," inserted in the list for that riding, the names of certain persons not duly qualified. The hearing occupied the whole of the afternoon and the evening as late as ten o'clock, when the jury brought in their decision. Mr. Henderson, as before, appeared for the appellant, Mr. Paisley, and Mr. J. A. Form for the respondent, Mr. Kitchen. The jury consisted of the following gentlemen: Messrs. A. Baker (foreman), J. McQuarrie, R. W. McIntosh, F. J. Hart and Simeon Huff. The witnesses called were Samuel Mellard, postmaster and collector of votes for Chilliwack; Stephen A. Parsons, F. H. Goodall, Mr. Paisley, Martin McNally and Frederick Greer, who acted as Mr. Paisley's assistant. The previous conviction was subsequently amended, the single name of S. A. Parsons being substituted for that of the original 14 whose applications are held to be irregular, the citation of the remaining 13 being allowed by his lordship in order to show quo animo. Note was taken of Mr. Henderson's objection to the above change. After addresses by counsel the judge summed up the evidence and gave the case to the jury. He took occasion to deplore the fact that the legislature should have seen fit to unite political functions to those of a collector of votes, which had led to some peculiar results in this particular case. He interpreted the term "wilfully" to signify "corruptly," for the reason that one of the penalties attached to this offence was a term of imprisonment for three months. This could not apply to a mere irregularity. And the question for the jury to decide, putting aside all others, was whether Mr. Paisley had acted with an evil mind—desirous of obtaining some advantage at the expense of the administration of justice. He finally submitted the two following questions to the jury for their decision and upon which latter the determination of the case would rest: (1.) Did Paisley receive and put on the voters' list the name of Stephen A. Parsons signed by Grant Jessopp, purporting to be signed as a gest, he, Paisley, knowing that an application signed by an agent was irregular? and (2), if he did so know, as he admits, did he in so dealing with the names of Stephen A. Parsons, act with a bad purpose, in other words, corruptly and not merely voluntarily?

In the course of his remarks his lordship took occasion to comment strongly upon the dual offices of Mr. Cawley, both as an agent and collector of votes.

The jury were out 25 minutes and upon reappearing gave their reply to the above as follows: (1.) Yes; (2.) He did not act corruptly.

His lordship, thereupon, declared the conviction quashed. Costs reserved.

PROFESSOR CHARLES FAUVEL, M.D.

ONE OF THE MOST DISTINGUISHED SPECIALISTS IN DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND NOSE.—FOUNDER OF A LARGE FREE DISPENSARY IN PARIS.

Professor Fauvel was born in 1830, at Amiens, and now resides in Paris. For his high attainments in his profession he has received almost every mark of distinction that could be conferred upon him by his country or his confreres in medicine. These are his words, 'Of all the tonics, none equal "Vin Mariani.' I use it personally and for my family, and have prescribed it for more than twenty years with unvarying satisfaction to myself and patients.' Vin Mariani is the only tonic-stimulant without any unpleasant reaction and which may be taken indefinitely. If you are tired, weak, nervous, irritable, if you feel a want of energy and have not a good appetite, just try 'Vin Mariani.' Surely a remedy recommended by thousands of eminent people the world over is worth a single trial. Send stamp to Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., Montreal, the Canadian agents, and receive, gratis, a beautiful little album containing the photographs of many celebrities who have testified to the excellence of 'Vin Mariani.'

Duke of Cambridge fine old Scotch Whisky is simply perfection. Guaranteed 15 years old.

PRUNING TREES.

Some Results of New Methods Noted in Alameda County.

It is really astonishing how ideas change from year to year. Five years ago the orchardist who pruned his trees before the leaves were off were not to be found. To-day half the orchards in this valley are pruned, and those who have not finished pruning are doing their best to hurry their work so that they may prune. It was thought that as soon as the fruit was off the trees should rest, hence the pruning was delayed until the middle of winter, January or December being thought early enough, and March was not considered too late. There are so many reasons in favor of the new way that it is rather astonishing it was not adopted before. The wood is soft and easier to cut with the sap in it; the tree does not "bleed"; many experienced pruners believe that the cut heals quicker, leaving no dead wood; the tree's strength is rather husbanded than expended in keeping green for months useless foliage, and, finally, the comfort of the worker is no small matter. The work can be done as quick again in warm fall weather, and the land cleared of the rubbish much quicker than when it is cold and muddy and the ground is ready for the plow as soon as the first rains come.

Pruning is becoming more and more a study, and on the best ranches only skilled workmen are employed. It does not do to thin out or trim back a tree until it looks neat and shapely. Every variety must be trimmed with a knowledge of its fruit-bearing methods, and I believe that the methods of pruning are still far from being understood.

Every season, when the fruit has well formed, it has to be thinned, and as much as possible of the work done by women and children. This is a tedious, [illegible] careful pruning with a more thorough knowledge of the fruit-bearing habits of each tree, will reduce this proportion of useless fruit materially. Therefore, it does not pay, in fact, a rancher cannot afford to have his orchard pruned by an ordinary workman. As every year we are learning how to prune better, we are also learning new things about entirely new subjects. It was always supposed that prunes and almonds needed no pruning—a mistake; they need as much and as careful pruning as the peach the apricot or any other fruit. They bear better and larger fruit than they did under the old system of no pruning; indeed, many old almond trees that were almost entirely unproductive are now, after being pruned for two years, bearing good regular-sized fruit.

Prune trees are pruned heavily here, as the soil is so rich that the trees could not support the amount of fruit which would form on the spurs. For several years the size of the fruit, therefore, has been decreasing the quality, in fact, was being sacrificed to quantity, as the trees will mature almost all the fruit which forms. It has not been five years since there were serious discussions in many of our fruit journals concerning the advisability of pruning prune and almond trees. The talk was that the trees would be ruined. Just where the old notion arose it would be hard to say, but it has been proven a false notion.—San Francisco Call.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Thomas Potter of the license now held by the undersigned to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Lion Brewery Saloon, situate at the corner of Chambers street and Queen's avenue, in the City of Victoria.

W. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

Administering the estate of Geo. Fairbrother, deceased, intestate. o31-1m

Simpson, Strickland & Co

DARTMOUTH, ENGLAND,

Engineers, Yacht & Launch Builders.

TRADE MARK

SOLE MAKERS OF

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STEAM LAUNCHES, ELECTRIC LIGHT and AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES.

We build and completely equip First-class Launches of all descriptions for Lake, Sea, River and shallow draught work.

OUR SPECIALTIES ARE

First in Economy, Power, Speed and Lightness.

The materials and the workmanship are the best.

Write for catalogue and price list.

My Annual Importation of DUTCH BULBS

Have arrived from Holland, and are very fine. Also very fine Lawn Grass Seed. This year's crop.

WM. DODDS, Florist and Seedsman
127 Fort Street. o12-1m

TRANSPORTATION.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Parisian	Nov. 10
Allan Line, Mongolian	Nov. 17
Dominion Line, [illegible]	Nov. 10
Dominion Line, Labrador	Nov. 29
Beaver Line, Lake Superior	Nov. 14
Beaver Line, Lake Winnipeg	Nov. 21

From New York.

Cunard Line, Etruria	Nov. 10
Cunard Line, Campania	Nov. 17
White Star Line, Adriatic	Nov. 14
White Star Line, Teutonic	Nov. 21
American Line, Berlin	Nov. 14
American Line, New York	Nov. 21
North Ger. Lloyd, Ems	Nov. 17
North Ger. Lloyd, Aller	Nov. 20
Anchor Line, Circassia	Nov. 19
Anchor Line, City of Rome	Nov. 17
Red Star Line, Waesland	Nov. 14
Red Star Line, Friesland	Nov. 21
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Nov. 22
Allan State Line, California	Dec. 6

Saloon fares from $40 to $90, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25 to $40. Steerage, $10 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.

Cor. Fort and Government streets.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 24,

Taking effect Sept. 1st, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING,
Manager.

G. A. CARLETON,
General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria	Tuesday	7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox	Wednesday	7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo	Friday	7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria	Saturday	7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island once a month.

For freight or staterooms apply, on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria. [illegible]

HOTELS, ETC.

NOTICE.

The Hotel Victoria

Now being under the management of Mr. E. Escalet, is being conducted on strictly first-class principles. Everything being in first-class style, especial attention is paid to the cuisine. Every delicacy of the season will be supplied, while the stock of Wines is of the finest French Vintage.

OYSTERS!

—AT THE—

LOUISVILLE OYSTER HOUSE,

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Recently Opened. First Class Style. Day & Night

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses [illegible] Safe and reliable. [illegible] Now used by over 10,000 ladies. Once used, will use again. Invigorates these organs. Buy of your druggist [illegible] face of label. Avoid substitutes. [illegible] particulars mailed to women. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, Detroit, Mich.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 21.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, November 1, 1894.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.	No. 3 Passenger Daily.	No. 1 Passenger Saturday.	Miles from Victoria.	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturday.	Miles from Victoria.
	Dp. 8:00 A M	2:40 P M	—	VICTORIA	Ar.	12:24 P M	5:30 P M	—
	8:04	2:44	1	BURNSIDE		12:20	5:26	1
	8:14	2:54	3	GORGE		12:10	5:16	3
	8:19	2:59	4	GOLD STREAM		11:45 A M	4:51	6
	8:26	3:06	5	SUNNY SIDING		11:36	4:42	7
	8:36	3:16	7	SHAWNIGAN LAKE		11:26	4:32	9
	8:47	3:27	9	COBBLE HILL		11:06	4:12	12
	8:51	3:31	10	MOUNTPRESSANT		10:57	4:03	13
	8:57	3:37	11	KOKSILAH		10:51	3:57	14
	9:11	3:51	14	DUNCANS		10:37	3:43	17
	9:16	3:56	16	CHEMAINUS		9:30	2:44	23
	9:45	4:25	23	OYSTER BAY		8:15	1:35	—
	9:55	4:35	25	LADYSMITH		8:05	1:25	—
	11:00	5:45	—	NANAIMO	Ar.	7:00	12:15	—
	11:20	6:05	—	WELLINGTON	Dp.	6:40	12:00	136
	Ar. 12:15 P M	Dp. 7:00	136					

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents, at Victoria, Duncans or Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

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The Short Route to the Orient.

SAILINGS AS FOLLOWS:

Empress of Japan	Nov. 12
Empress of China	Dec. 10
Empress of India	Jan. 7
Empress of Japan	Feb. 4

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Or to
GEO. McL. BROWN,
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The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, November 24th, 1894, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Alameda—Thursday, November 15, at 8 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

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VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS, Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jul2-tf

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A. L. BELYEA, *Barrister and Solicitor.* Rooms 4 and 5, Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5746, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. C. DUBOIS MASON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. R. A. BROWN, Sec.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 139

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. C. WEST, Surgeon Dentist, Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C. Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised and for which he is the sole licensee for B. C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED—Situation; general housework; experienced cook. Address A., Times office. 031-2t

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man holding good references would take charge of a set of books (large or small), do stenographic work and typewriting. Address "Bookkeeper," Times office. oc27-tf

FOR WAFFING ON TABLES at balls, weddings, and private parties, or getting up suppers, making tea and coffee, etc., apply to Mrs. Blackmore, 113 Blanchard St., or Watson & Hall, 55 Yates St. o19-1m

MISCELLANEOUS

ASK YOUR GROCER or Telephone 241 for Paragon Safety Oil. o12

WANTED—To exchange property in Victoria West and cash for a lot on Pandora street. Address "Lot," Times office 31-2t

EDUCATIONAL.

VICTORIA COLLEGE, BEACON HILL PARK. (LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A. fo13 a,m,t&w 1y]

Autumn term begins MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th, 1894.

TO LET.

WANTED—To rent, an 8-roomed house, warm and with modern conveniences. Address, stating lowest rent and giving number and street, "Captain," Times office. o10-tf

TO LET—Rooms for light housekeeping at 63 Superior street. s14-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

FOUND—A boat about 22 feet long painted white; gunwale painted black. Apply at Mellor's, Fort street. o30-3t

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A SNAP. Two fine lots corner of Jubilee avenue and Oak Bay avenue, 135x129 @ $700 for the two; adjoining lots sold at $900 each. A. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—Two 2-story houses 5 rooms each and lots to each house 30x120 on Frances avenue. Price reduced from $1,300 to $850 each, payable $10 cash and $5 per month. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—Lot 13 on Russell street, Victoria West; splendid view of the straits and close to the tramway. Apply to Ewen Morrison, Rock Bay Lumber Yard. s19-tf

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Vancouver Island Building Society.

The 77th drawing for the appropriation in the above society will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad St., on Friday, the 2nd of November, 1894, at 8 p.m.

See that your shares are in good standing. By order.

B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

Victoria, Oct. 26th, 1894.

NOTICE.

The members of Sir William Wallace Society are requested to meet at the Temperance Hall, Pandora Street, on THURSDAY EVENING at 8 o'clock, to make final arrangements for the reception of Lord Aberdeen.

By order,

oc30-3t A. MAXWELL, MUIR, Secretary.

NOTICE.

FAR WEST LODGE NO. 1, K. OF P.

Members of the above Lodge are requested to assemble at Castle Hall Friday at 1:30 o'clock sharp for the purpose of attending the funeral of the wife of Bro. H. F. W. Behnsen.

All members of the order are cordially invited to attend.

EMIL PFERDNER, K. R. & S.

I. O. O. F. NOTICE.

The officers and members of Columbia Lodge No. 2 are requested to meet at the Hall, Douglas Street, Friday next, at 1:45 p.m. for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother Thos. W. Carter.

Members of sister lodges are invited.

By order of the Noble Grand.

R. W. FAWCETT, Rec. Sec.

o 1-2t

Liberal Association

A Free Smoking Concert!

And Entertainment will be given at the Philharmonic Hall, on FRIDAY, NOVEMBER, 2nd, at 8 p.m.

W. Marchant will deliver an address on "THE TRIUMPH OF FREE TRADE IN GREAT BRITAIN."

Dr. G. L. Milne will preside.

Persons of all political opinions heartily welcomed. Discussion invited.

The Daily Times.

SWEATER CARON.

The Dominion government can find hundreds of thousands of dollars every year to bestow on favorites who are useful to it at election times, but it cannot see a way to providing enough salary for letter carriers and postoffice clerks in Victoria to exist upon. It is quite easy for one department to waste $300,000 upon such a job as the Curran bridge, the Lachine Rapids channel, the Little River lock or the St. Charles branch railway, but when it comes to a question of affording living wages to hard-working and well-deserving employees of another department the government is as ready to adopt the "sweating" process as the most villainous of the London and New York taskmasters. There is no need to point out to Victorians how inadequate is an income of $30 or $33 per month for any person to live upon in this city—not to speak of a family. The figure is so ridiculously low that it needs only to be mentioned to call forth indignation. And although many of the people of this city will be inconvenienced by the strike of the "sweated" clerks and carriers, we feel sure they will sympathize with these victims of the peculiar combination of knavery and incapacity that prevails at the capital. The money for the extra allowance has been voted, but through one pretext or another it has been held back by the department. The men must work [illegible] while that planed jack-in-office Caron goes jaunting to England, to New York and elsewhere for his own pleasure and amusement. When there is a railway subsidy to be "bled" for election funds, or a little expenditure to be planned for the capture of a constituency or a few votes, Sir Adolphe is "all there," but a matter of just treatment for humble attaches of the department is too insignificant for his lordly notice. And the whole government is built on much the same plan. A few years ago it erected a building for postoffice purposes in Laprairie, a little village opposite Montreal, at a cost of over $16,000. The gross revenue of that postoffice is a little over $400 a year, not enough to pay the interest on the cost of the building if it all went to the government. Contrast that measure of liberality to Laprairie with the cold-blooded stinginess to which the Victoria carriers and clerks are victims. We beg to remind the people of this city that in no long time they will have an opportunity of expressing their opinions on this Ottawa combination of blundering and boodling. And if Lieut.-Col. Prior again seeks their suffrages they should ask him why he did not repeat his drill hall tactics in order to secure just treatment for the "sweated" civil servants. He found pressure effectual on one occasion: and why not repeat the process? The government would perhaps be ready to concede a small measure of justice rather than have a vacancy occur in Victoria at the present juncture.

A GENERAL PRINCIPLE.

The Tory organ seems to be troubled with an optical illusion when it invites the Times to "come out of the fog." It happens to be the organ itself that is wandering in the economic fog. Whether because of its startling discovery that it had been preaching free trade doctrine for the benefit of the Sound people, or because of its feverish anxiety to do something to stay the tirit progress, or because of some mishap unknown to outsiders, our amusing neighbor seems to have fallen into a rare state of confusion. We confess we do not know just what to make of its ramblings and ravings concerning Mr. Laurier's policy, the Times and free trade. Fortunately, however, the organ in a moment of rationality the other day supplied what may prove a suitable guide for itself in its befogged condition. Here are two of its own sentences which it should steadily keep its gaze upon:

"The Washington coal dealer wants to compel the American consumers to use an inferior article at a high price in order, not that the miners may have good wages, but that the dealers may have big profits."

"They (the Washington mine-owners) want to sell their coal, and providing they can get more for it than it is really worth, they don't care a button who suffers, their country, to which they profess to be so deeply attached, or their fellow citizens, whose interests they pretend to have at heart."

It is only necessary further for the Colonist to apply these sentences to the men who are allowed to bleed their brethren under the shelter of the N. P., and then it will no longer have any reason for puzzlement over Mr. Laurier's policy. Mr. Laurier said it is as bad to let Canadian cotton kings coerce the rest of the Canadian community as it is for Washington mine owners to coerce the consumers of coal in Washington, and if the Colonist would only open its eyes to that obvious truth its fog would disappear.

A FARCICAL EXAMINATION.

The following letter has been sent to the Times after being refused insertion by the Colonist:

To the Editor of the Colonist: One of the applicants for the position of official scaler of saw logs, desires to ask the government through your paper why the applicants from the island, who were practical loggers, some of them acquainted with the lumber business in all its branches from their youth up, are pronounced incompetent to scale a boom of logs? That examination was the greatest farce I ever saw. We were taken on a boom of cull logs, picked for the occasion by the board of examiners, and given a stick with inches marked on it, manufactured for the purpose; with this implement (which was not a log rule) we were asked to scale the boom, take the diameter of each log, and without knowing the length or being allowed to scale the log, tell the board of examiners what it would make. Would any mill or any practical man accept such a scale or mode of scaling?

A CONSERVATIVE.

Victoria, Oct. 30.

Twenty-Five Cents Per Yard

All wool 44 inch dress goods and Melton cloths, bankrupt stock, at Russell & McDonald's.

ELECTRIC TORPEDO BOAT.

Destined to Revolutionize Naval Warfare, Says an Authority.

Melbourne, Oct. 30.—Mr. Allan, a resident of Melbourne, has invented an electric submarine torpedo boat, which, he claims, can be sunk to any depth and can be run as fast as a surface boat. It can be kept submerged, he says, for three days. A successful experiment with Allan's model was made last week in the presence of the Earl of Hopetoun and many naval and military officers. After seeing the experiments, Rear-Admiral Bowden-Smith gave the opinion that the boat was all that Mr. Allan claimed and was destined to revolutionize naval warfare.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Latest News from Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

The land sales of the C. P. R. this year, while large, will fall much below those of last year.

The saw mill of Messrs. Knight and Low, near Eganville, at Fourth Chute, was destroyed by fire.

West Middlesex Conservatives have chosen Dr. Roome, M. P., as their candidate for the House of Commons.

McFarlane and Wilson, crockery dealers, Peterboro, have assigned. The liabilities are $33,000, assets $20,000.

The G. T. R. station at Markham was burglarized on Monday, but failing to blow up the safe the burglars got little booty.

A. M. Arnott, of Belleville, on Monday, tried to shoot Stephen Lynch. Arnott was drunk but he is now sobering up in jail.

The Mission hall, erected by H. A. Massey, at a cost of $60,000, was opened recently and presented by Mr. Massey to the Toronto Methodist Mission Society.

A tax sale of land in Winnipeg was advertised for Tuesday but was postponed owing to the great rush of citizens to redeem their property from the sale.

Chief Justice Meredith opened the assizes at St. Catharines yesterday. The members of the bar decided to tender him their congratulations but his lordship declined.

H. E. Suckling, for the past eight years assistant treasurer of the C. P. R. at Montreal, has been appointed treasurer of the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie railway company.

Adeline Prendergast, a young girl living four miles from Eganville, while sweeping the house knocked down a gun and in picking it up the gun exploded. She was instantly killed, the charge entering her heart.

J. S. Woodburn, who recently arrived at Guelph from England, went out with several young men on Sunday and when sobered up found he had been robbed of $1500. Several sons of well known farmers have been arrested.

In court Mr. Richardson, editor of the Winnipeg Tribune, obtained an order of the court compelling City Engineer Ruttan to give security for costs before Mr. Ruttan could proceed with his suit for libel against his paper.

Mr. Davin, M. P., in connection with the Northwest elections, made special warfare against Mr. J. R. Neff, one of the executive council. Mr. Neff has instructed his solicitors to prosecute Mr. Davin for libel and claims damages of $5000. The business men of Moosomin met yesterday, over 40 being present, with Mayor McCurdy in the chair, and all resented the attacks of Mr. Davin.

The long pending dispute about the Ross will case in Quebec has finally been settled and the half million dollars destined to charitable purposes paid over. Of this amount Merriam college and high school will receive between them $170,000; Jeffrey Hale hospital, $150,000; three Anglican charities, $40,000; French mission of the Presbyterian church, $30,000 and ladies' Protestant home, $40,000. Thirty thousand dollars goes to the establishment of a men's and boys' home for all Protestant denominations.

Owing to the bad state of the finances of Montreal, the board of aldermen at a recent meeting recommended that all properties now exempt from taxation be taxed on one-half of their assessed value. These properties include churches of all denominations, parsonages, hospitals, religious institutions of all kinds, educational establishments, etc., the whole to the amount of $34,185,894. There will be a tremendous outcry should this arrangement be adopted by the city council, but the aldermen say they see no other way of raising funds.

The Conservative delegation returned to Winnipeg from Ottawa. In conversation with a reporter one of the delegates said: "The object of our trip to Ottawa was to urge on the government the importance of taking immediate steps for the construction of the Hudson Bay railway. This was our mission and nothing else. We saw members of the government, we obtained very satisfactory replies to our requests, and I believe now that the almost immediate construction of the Hudson Bay railway is assured. Just now, that is all I can tell you."

In the supreme court at Montreal Judge Doherty dismissed with costs the famous action of the proprietors of the Canada Revue newspaper against Archbishop Fabre. The case arose out of criticisms by the Canada Revue upon alleged irregularities among the clergymen of Montreal diocese. The paper refusing to be silenced by clerical warning, Archbishop Fabre finally issued a mandate forbidding the faithful to read it. The Canada Revue thereupon began an action for $50,000 damages against the Archbishop. The trial took place during the past summer and the judgment rendered now has been looked forward to as of vast importance as establishing the archbishop's right to ruin this enterprise in his efforts to look after the moral welfare of his flock or otherwise.

This Pin Cushion FREE

Is your grocer is out of them ask him to send for more.

This illustration represents a very attractive pocket pin cushion. Ask your grocer for one.

CHASE & SANBORN, BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

NEWS OF NANAIMO.

Search Party Unable to Find any Trace of the Allen Brothers.

Nanaimo, Nov. 1.—The search party consisting of Messrs. Page, Howard Jackson and Blank returned early yesterday morning after a fruitless search for the Allen brothers and Thomas Millburn. The party on arriving at Jarvis Inlet met with a logger who had been camping there for about six months and from him it was learned that no white men had been in that vicinity for the last five months. The party after visiting every place where the missing men might have landed, decided to return. The last time the Allen brothers were seen alive was on July 23rd on which day they left Newcastle Townsite in a canoe well loaded. They then made the lagoon where W. Crow met them, so that the general belief is that they capsized between the Island and the Mainland.

Alex. Smith, who accompanied W. Martin in their search for C. Martin and Dr. Curry, arrived home yesterday in a precarious condition having suffered terribly from exposure. Smith was found by an Indian, who observing the crazed condition of the man and also that he was too weak to walk, put him in his canoe and brought him to town. It was gleaned from Smith that the boat upset on Monday and Martin immediately struck out for shore but Smith retained his hold on the boat until he was washed ashore on Newcastle Island, where he was compelled to remain as he was thoroughly exhausted. Doubtless he would have died of starvation had the Indian not arrived when he did. It is thought that Martin failed to reach the Island and was drowned, but a party will search the Island tomorrow when Smith may give them further information.

The shipments of coal to foreign ports for the past month were largely in excess of the shipments for the previous month.

The New Vancouver Coal company contributed 27,515 tons, being an increase of 7000 tons over September. Wellington, with 18,590 tons, is 2500 tons over the previous month, while Union with 23,150 shows 3000 tons of an increase. The indications for the present month are so far good but it is not expected the mines will work as full as they have for the past month.

The customs returns for October were:

Duty collected	$7,937 05
Miscellaneous	704 12
Total	$8,641 17

IMPORTS.

Goods imported free	$ 1,502 00
Goods imported dutiable	26,580 00
Total	$28,082 00

PERSONAL.

F. L. Stinson, of Seattle, is in the city.

L. Redon returned from the Sound this morning on the Rosalie.

Rev. D. D. Proper was a passenger for Victoria on the Rosalie this morning.

W. E. Drake, John Burns, jr., W. Farrell and A. Williams, of Vancouver, are at the Driard.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

USE MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures

Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

On View

The LACROSSE CLUB portrait group at Studio of Skene Lowe, Photographer. Call and see it!

BRIEF LOCALS

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.

—Ladies' Puritan vests for 60 cents at the Lansdowne House, Yates St. *

When ordering Flour ask for Lion Brand. Lion! Lion! Lion!

—Plain cocoa mats, bordered cocoa mats, skeleton cocoa mats and every other kind of mat at Weiler Bros. *

—The vital statistics of October for the month of October were as follows: Births, 36; marriages, 13; deaths, 21.

—Why cough, while Bronchial Balsam cures coughs and can be obtained at Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson street? *

—A new post office called Maywood has been opened on the Saanich road just beyond the city limits. Wm. Graham is the postmaster.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra clasp and other superior binding at R. T. Williams & Co.'s, 28 Broad street. *

—The sealskins of the sealer Rosie Olsen were shipped to London yesterday through the Hudson Bay company. There were fourteen casks in all, and it is probably the last shipment of the year.

—Robert Cowan Muir, eldest son of Robert Muir, an old pioneer of the province, died yesterday at his father's home at Sooke. The deceased was only 25 years of age. His death resulted from pneumonia, which developed from cold contracted in the harvest field. The funeral will take place at 10 o'clock to-morrow.

—Th October fire record is as follows: October 5, 11.20 p.m., box 31, fire at brick barware store, 61 Yates street; cause, spontaneous combustion; loss $10. October 9, 3.15 p.m., box 8, fire on roof of two story frame residence, 78 Menzies street; cause, sparks; loss, $12. October 10, 2 p.m., burning buildings at Suspect station, Ross bay; no loss. Fires during month, three. Estimated loss, $22.

—"In Old Kentucky," presented at the Victoria theatre last evening, is one of the best melodramas that has been placed on the boards this season. There was an absence of the usual dime novel scenes, and none of the parts were overdone. On the whole the acting was very good and the old Kentuckian style was well well portrayed. The pickaninny band introduced several specialties, including dancing and singing.

—Andrew Mathison and Miss Josephine Johnson were united in marriage on Tuesday evening. The ceremony was performed by Rev. James Turner, of Victoria West Methodist church, and took place at the residence of E. Rambose in Victoria West. A large number of friends were entertained at supper, which was served in Semple's hall. The company engaged in a dance after supper, but Mr. and Mrs. Mathison left on the City of Kingston on a tour of the country. Mr. Mathison is a hunter on the sealer Arietas, in which he is also a part owner.

—Mrs. Pollard was given a surprise party last night in the home of her son-in-law, Gordon Grant. She had called to spend a quiet evening, when the house was invaded by a party of sixty, headed by Mayor and Mrs. Teague and Senator and Mrs. McInnes. It was the seventy-fifth birthday of the revered lady, and the affair was arranged to fittingly observe it. There were two other surprises during the evening. Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Hall caused the second by taking advantage of the opportunity to have the baby christened, and the third was the finding of a nice present left by the party for Mrs. Pollard.

—October has been a record breaker in the police court. The cases disposed of are as follows: Drunks, 67; in possession of intoxicant, 30; supplying liquor to Indians, 13; larceny, 10; refusing to pay wages, 2; creating a disturbance, 2; vagrancy, 3; fighting, 7; aggravated assault, 1; safe keeping, 2; unsound mind, 1; fast driving, 1; burglary, 4; assault, 3; threatening language, 1; infraction of public health by-law, 1; infraction of V. E. T. & L. by-law, 1; infraction of liquor license by-law, 1; malicious damage to property, 1; infraction of street by-law, 1; infraction of criminal code, 1; acting as special constable without authority, 1; infraction of revenue by-law, 1; attempting to commit suicide, 1; infraction of vehicle by-law, 1.

—Teeth extracted, 50c. each. Dr. A. Humber, 93 1-2 Douglas street. *

Lion! Lion! Lion! Nothing like the Lion Flour.

—Seven yards of grey flannel for $1 at the Lansdowne House, Yates St. *

—Weiler Bros. have opened up a line of inexpensive rocking chairs. These goods are strong and very effective for the money. *

—A fine line of razor straps just arrived at Fox's, 78 Government street. Come and learn how to strop your razor. *

The Lion Brand of Flour. Cheapest and best. Try it once; use it always.

—The orchestra of the Victoria theatre, under leader J. M. Finn, will give a hop at A. O. U. W. hall to-night. It is the first of a series to be given every Thursday evening throughout the winter. Admission will be by invitation only.

—An Indian woman named Annie, who was found sick on the streets by the police a couple of days ago, was yesterday ordered removed to Jubilee hospital. When first taken to the station it was believed that she would be well in a few days, but yesterday Dr. George Duncan was called to examine her and ordered her removal to the hospital.

—Frank L. McFarlane, night clerk of the steamer Charmer, met with a very painful and serious accident last evening, just after the arrival of the steamer from Vancouver. He was walking along the lower deck when he tripped over a freight trunk, splitting his knee cap. It will probably be several months before he will be able to be around again.

—H. M. S. Champion left last night for Peru. She will make a fast trip down, and Acupulco will be the first port of call. H. M. S. Royal Arthur will leave to-morrow afternoon, will arrive here at 6 or 7 o'clock, and will leave at 10 o'clock Saturday morning for South America. Her first port of call will be on the Mexican coast. She will bring the vice-regal party from Vancouver to Victoria as planned.

—The new police uniforms will be served to the men to-night, and to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock at police headquarters there will be general inspection. Mayor Teague, Ald. Dwyer, Baker and Humphrey, the special committee of the council, Magistrate Macrae and Chief Sheppard will be present. The new uniforms and the entire equipment of the force will be inspected. The force all assembled together will furnish a rather imposing scene.

—"Lord" Percy Whittall, who was committed to stand trial for stealing a watch and chain from O. A. Ragstad and decided not to wait for the fall assizes, will be tried before Mr. Justice Drake to-morrow. As far as known he has not secured a lawyer, and will very likely be unrepresented. The case of John Robinson, charged with burglarizing John Draut's saloon, has also been set for trial to-morrow and it is expected that both cases will be concluded in a day.

—The customs returns for October are as follows:

Imports, free	$ 27,003 00
Imports, dutiable	163,328 00
Total	$190,331 00
Duties collected	$ 57,720 99
Other revenues	3,760 56
Total	$ 61,481 55
Exports—	
Goods the produce of Canada	$738,331 00
Goods, not produce of Canada	6,125 00
Total	$744,456 00

—The sale of work at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church yesterday afternoon was very successful, and the Hallowe'en social which followed in the evening was a still greater success. Both in the afternoon and evening there was a good attendance. A feature of the evening was the "witch," who did a rushing business in fortune telling. The programme carried out was as follows: Piano solo, Mr. Burnett; the witch's dance; club swinging, Miss M. Murray; song, Miss M. A. Russell; presentation; piano solo, Miss Lawrie; vocal duet, Misses McMicking; [illegible] Brown; piano duet, Misses Ross. In the evening a present was given to Miss Durand in acknowledgement of her services to the church.

—A flower show exhibition was held at the First Presbyterian church Sunday school last evening. Four months ago a flower was given to each teacher and pupil to cultivate. Last evening the prizes were awarded as follows: Geranium, 1, Maud Lyall; 2, James Richmond; 3, Clark Gill. Fuchsia, 1, Amy Wilson; 2, Tom Furnival; 3, Miss Roe; 4, Pearl Vigelius; 5, Mr. Marwick (teacher). Begonias, 1, Mrs. McKenzie (teacher); 2, Gertie Arthur; 3, J. Frank. Mesembryanthemum, 1, Mrs. McKenzie (teacher); 2, Mr. Marwick (teacher). Marietta Vine, 1, E. Vigelius; 2, George Walker; Pyramidal Bouquet, 1, Mabel Lyall; 2, Mary Stewart; 3, Edward Whyte; 4, Alice Vaughan. Hand Bouquet, 1, Kate Lovell; 2, Rowena Taylor; 3, Maud Erskine; 4, Alice Moss. Vase Flowers, Maggie Robertson. Training Plants, 1, Kate Lovell; 2, W. Pettierew. During the evening the following programme was rendered: Recitation, Maud Brooks; violin duet, Masters Robert and Ralph Fisher (who charmed the audience); solo Getrie Furnival; recitation, Tom Furnival; instrumental duet, Lillie Vaughan and Bella Milne; recitation, Bertha Munsie; violin solo, Master R. Fisher; dialogue, Gertie, Arthur and Maud Munsie; instrumental duet, Clara McGregor and Nel Vigelius; dialogue, "The Song of Seven," by seven girls; club swinging, M. Furnival.

Seal Teeth!

Jewellery of all kinds in fine gold and beautifully finished is what Pennock & Lowe, the Jewellers, are making a specialty of just now. 63 Government St., next Spencer's Arcade.

—Telegraph service which has been interrupted for several days on account of a break in the cable, was resumed today, the cable being repaired.

—There was only one case set for hearing in the city police court this morning. It was that of a drunk who very discreetly forfeited his bail rather than face a hearing.

—A social dance will be given by Victoria lodge, No. 17, K. of P., in Castle Hall on Wednesday, Nov. 7th. Tickets admitting ladies and gentleman, including supper, $1. *

—The schooner Vera is getting a new foremast and having other general repairs made to her. All of the other schooners of the Marvin fleet have been [illegible] the winter.

—The inland revenue returns for October follow:

Spirits	$ 8,059 65
Malt	1,099 65
Tobacco	4,117 00
Cigars	885 00
Methylated Spirits	59 44
Inspection Petroleum	163 90
Malt Liquor	67 16
Total	$14,451 85

—Every one should go to the grand tableaux and concert this evening at 8 o'clock. There will be entirely new voices to be heard in solos, as well as many old favorites. The recitation will be a treat and the guitar and mandolin quartette alone worth the small admission, which is 50 cents each, or three for $1, and children 25 cents. Appropriate music will be played during the tableaux.

—The Walla Walla sailed from San Francisco this morning with the following passengers for Victoria: O. H. Reynolds, E. Salmon and wife, Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. Murray, C. H. Ingham, S. Hammond, O. Holbeck, W. Keneke, D. W. Higgins and wife, Mrs. Cusack, Mrs. Powell, Miss Leiser, Mrs. Buckinghale, David Williams, Carl Will, Mrs. Gaston and two children.

—At five o'clock last evening the preliminary hearing of Joseph Ahearn, charged with robbing William Hussey of $350 at the Trade Dollar saloon, was adjourned until to-morrow. In addition to those reported in the Times yesterday, three witnesses gave evidence. William Foster, who dropped into the Trade Dollar saloon on the morning of the day of the robbery, gave similar evidence to that of Mr. Marsden as to the amount of money Josie Edwards was charged for drinks. Charles Carter, who spent a couple of days with Josie at the Half Way house after the robbery, swore that Ahearn tried to get him to use his influence with Josie to leave the city. W. R. Clifton also testified, but there was nothing special in his evidence. Carter in his testimony said that Josie had no money when they were at the Half Way house.

Fifty Cents Per Yard.

Stanley dress goods, West of England suiting tweeds, Plushes, Lester's best, Velvets, Cashmeres, Serges, both dress and suiting, all bankrupt stock and worth double the money, at Russell & McDonald's, 134 Douglas street.

THE R. E. CHURCH BAZAAR.

List of those in Charge of the Booths—To-night's Entertainment.

The Reformed Episcopal church bazaar opened this afternoon at Philharmonic hall. There has been a very good attendance all afternoon. The ladies have done a lot of hard work and deserve the greatest credit. The booths and the names of those in charge are below:

Flower Stand—Miss Schwengers and Miss Dickenson.

Doll and Toy Store—Miss Rita McTavish, Miss E. Tilton, Miss Hilda Harris and Miss Dorothy Green.

Magic Cake and Jack Horner's Pie—Miss Edith Wilson.

Fancy Booth—Miss Cridge, Miss O. C. Wilson and Mrs. Short.

King's Road Mission Booth—Mrs. Lester and assistants.

[illegible] Mrs. Wilson.

WAR IS IMMINENT.

Guatemala and Mexico Ready to Go To War.

City of Mexico, Oct. 30.—Miguel Torruco is the owner of a large timber grant called Egypto, near the Guatemalan frontier. Quite recently the authorities of Peton, Guatemala, arrested and took away six Mexican subjects who were employed by Torruco. The Guatemalans have occupied both sides of the stream Agua Azul and have planted their flag on its bank. This is an invasion of Mexican territory. Among the people whose business is damaged by the movements of the Guatemalan filibusterers is the American, D. F. Schmieder, who had a contract with Torruco for the delivery of lumber, and who has appealed to the American minister, protesting against the arbitrary acts of Guatemala. The state of Tobasco is arming its military under the command of Colonel A. Soca, General Lorenzo Garcia, whose troops were transported from Vera Cruz to the frontier by two Mexican men-of-war. The Independence and Libertad arrived in port on the 20th and are proceeding rapidly to Tenosique. Unless the Guatemalans get back to their own side of the line hostilities will begin at once.

Something Substantial

Can be obtained at WEILER BROTHERS, in

ROCKING CHAIRS

The Best of the kind that money can buy. Come and prove it to your own satisfaction.

WEILER BROS., 51 to 55 Fort Street.

Manchester House . . .

88 YATES STREET.

Great Reduction Sale of Mantles, Jackets, Dress Goods, Staples, Etc

Ladies' Cloth Jackets, Braid Trimmings	$3 85
Ladies' Serge Jackets, Braid Trimmings	4 50
Ladies' Serge Jackets, Braid Trimmings	5 85
Ladies' Ulsters from	3 00
Children's Ulsters from	2 50

DRESS GOODS

7 yards Double Width French Serge for	$1 95
6 yards All-Wool Hop Sacking for	3 90
Extra Heavy Serge, 52 inches wide, per yd	85
Plaid Dress Goods, 52 inches wide, per yd.	50
8-4 White Sheeting, per yard	22½cts
9-4 White Sheeting, per yard	27½cts
8-4 Grey Sheeting, per yard	20 cts
Grey Flannel, per yard	15 cts

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

A Choice Selection of the Latest Styles in HATS, BONNETS, TRIMMINGS, Etc.

MANCHESTER HOUSE. - T. HAUGHTON & CO.

Every Time

you can make a dollar buy more than it is worth you win a few steps over your dilatory neighbor. Some folk call it luck when you find a dollar bill. Anyone can be lucky who will take advantage of a Sale like ours.

6 pairs good Merino Sox, $1.00.
Men's colored Shirts, at 50c each.
A line of Boys' Stockings at 50c. a pair, regular price 75c. to $1.
Clothing at actual Cost Price.

W. J. JEFFREE,
The Golden Rule Clothing Store, Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

COAL & WOOD---REMOVAL.

W. WALKER

Has opened an office for the Sale of Coal and Wood in No. 15 Market Bl'd'g, End of Broad St. Orders filled with our usual promptitude. TERMS CASH. Telephone No. 466.

VICTORIA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,

Principal, MISS M. B. SHARP. 288 Yates St., opp. High School.

Instruction in all branches of Vocal and Instrumental Music (including Guitar and Mandolin). Theory, Musical History and Analysis, Instrumentation, Elocution, and Foreign Languages.

Classes in Theory, Musical History and Analysis, Hand Culture, Ensemble Playing. Recitals and Concerts are free to pupils of Conservatory.

Mr. Trevelyan Sharp (late of London, England), is in charge of the Violin and Orchestral department. Mr. Sharp has had thorough training and practical experience in preparing Principals, Chorus and Orchestra in Opera Oratorio, etc., and is open to engagements from Operatic and Choral Societies requiring a Musical Director. Prospectus on application.

Ten Cents Per Yard

Double fold Scotch Lindsay dress goods at Russell & McDonald's, 134 Douglas street.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will suit your [illegible] 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

The Events of the Day Among Amateurs and Professionals.

LACROSSE.

VANCOUVER'S DECISION.

The Vancouver members of the executive of the British Columbia Lacrosse Association held a meeting on Tuesday evening and decided that the match between Victoria and New Westminster [illegible] ed over at Brockton Point next Saturday. Where they got their authority to order the [illegible] over is a mystery. A meeting of the Victoria club will be held to consider the matter.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

NO. 238.

A BY-LAW

To Regulate the Proceedings in the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria and in the Committees Thereof.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

1. Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32 of the "Council By-law," and the whole of the "Council By-law Amendment By-law, 1893," are hereby repealed and the following by-law substituted therefor.

MEETINGS OF COUNCIL.

2. After its inaugural statutory meeting on the third Monday in January in each year, the Council shall meet every Monday in the year at the hour of eight o'clock p. m., unless such Monday shall be a public or civic holiday, in which case the Council shall meet at the same hour on the next day following which is not a public or civic holiday.

3. All meetings of the Council shall take place within the limits of the municipality, viz., in the building known as the City Hall, Douglas Street, in the City of Victoria, except when the Council has unanimously resolved that it would be more convenient to hold such meetings, or some of them, outside of the limits of the municipality. (Vide Sec. 83, Mun. Act, 1892, and Sec. 15, Mun. Act, Am. Act, 1894.)

4. Every member of the Council shall, before taking his seat in the Council, produce a certificate from a Judge of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, or a Judge of the County Court, or a Justice of the Peace, stating that the necessary declarations have been taken by such member. (Vide Sec. 84, Mun. Act, 1892.)

5. Previous to any meeting of the Council, other than a statutory or adjourned meeting, a notice of the time and place of such intended meeting shall be given twenty-four hours at least before such meeting, by fixing a copy of the said notice at the ordinary place of meeting of the Council, and such notice shall be signed by the Mayor who shall have power to call a meeting of the Council as often as he shall think proper. (Vide Sec. 85, Mun. Act, 1892.)

6. In case the Mayor shall refuse or neglect to call a meeting within twenty-four hours after a requisition for that purpose signed by three members of the Council at least, shall have been presented to him, or in case of the absence of the Mayor from the Municipality, it shall be lawful for the said three members to call a meeting of the Council by giving such notice as is hereafter declared in that behalf, such notice to be signed by the said three members instead of the Mayor, and stating therein the business proposed to be transacted at such meeting, and in every case summons to attend the Council, specifying the business proposed to be transacted at such meeting, signed by the Mayor, or the members, as the case may be, shall be left at the usual place of every member of the Council, or at the premises in respect of which he is placed on the municipal assessment roll, one clear day at least before such meeting, and no business shall be transacted at such meeting other than the business which is specified in the notice. (Vide Sec. 16, Mun. Act, Am. Act, 1894.)

7. The Council shall hold its ordinary meetings openly, and no person shall be excluded, except for improper conduct. The Mayor, or Chairman of the Council, may expel or exclude from any meeting, any person whom he considers has been guilty of improper conduct at such meeting. A special meeting may be opened or closed, as in the opinion of the Council, expressed by resolution in writing, the public interests require. (Vide Sec. 87, Mun. Act, 1892.)

8. In case the Mayor shall be absent from any meeting of the Council, such Aldermen as the members of the Council then present shall choose to be chairman, shall act as such, and for the purpose shall have the powers and be subject to the same rules as the Mayor. (Vide Sec. 95, Mun. Act, 1892.)

9. In the event of the death, resignation, or removal from office of the Mayor, a meeting may be summoned at any time by the Clerk upon a special requisition to him signed by a majority of the members of the Council, and the Aldermen may select a chairman, as aforesaid, who shall continue in office until such time as another Mayor shall have been elected. (Vide Sec. 96, Mun. Act, 1892.)

QUORUM.

10. All acts whatsoever authorized or required to be done by the Council, and all questions of adjournment, and others, that may come before the Council, shall, save where otherwise expressed, be done and decided by the majority of the members of the Council assembling at a meeting at which a quorum of the Council is present, including the Mayor, who shall be present at the meeting of the Council. A majority of the members of the Council shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. (Vide Sec. 89, Mun. Act, 1892.)

MINUTES.

11. The minutes of the proceedings of all the meetings of the Council shall be drawn up and fairly entered into a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall be signed by the Mayor or Aledrmen presiding at such meeting, and with the exception of a special meeting which has been closed by resolution, the said minutes shall be open for the inspection of any person, who may make copies thereof and extracts therefrom, at all reasonable times, on payment each time of a fee of twenty-five cents. (Vide Sec. 97, Mun. Act, 1892.)

OPENING PROCEEDINGS.

12. As soon after the hour of meeting as there shall be a quorum present, the Mayor shall take the chair and call the members to order.

13. In case the Mayor does not attend within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the Clerk shall call the members to order, and if a quorum be present, a chairman shall be chosen, who shall preside during the meeting, or until the arrival of the Mayor.

14. Should there be no quorum present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the Clerk shall record the names of the members present at the expiration of such fifteen minutes, and the Council shall stand adjourned until the next day of meeting, subject to the provisions of Sections 5 and 6 of this By-law.

15. Immediately after the Mayor shall have taken his seat, the minutes of the preceding meeting shall be read by the Clerk, if required by any Alderman present, in order that any mistake therein may be corrected by the Council. No protest or expression of dissent shall be entered on the minutes.

ORDER OF PROCEDURE.

16. The General Orders of the Day for all ordinary meeting of the Council shall be as follows:

1st. Reading of Minutes; 2nd. Original Communications; 3rd. Presenting Petitions; 4. Inquiries and answers thereto; 5th. Presentation and consideration of Reports of Committees; 6th. Motions; 7th. Introduction and consideration of by-laws; 8th. Unfinished business.

17. The business shall in all cases be taken up in the order in which it stands upon the "General Orders of the Day," but no business shall be proceeded with in the absence of the member in whose name it stands, except upon the production of his authority in writing to some other member to proceed with it.

18. All motions called in pursuance of the "General Orders of the Day," and not disposed of, shall be placed at the foot of the list unless otherwise decided by the Council.

19. When any order, resolution or question shall be lost by reason of the Council, or any Committee thereof, breaking up for want of a quorum, the order, resolution or question so lost shall be the first business to be proceeded with and disposed of at the next meeting of such Committee or Council, under that particular head.

THE MAYOR OR OTHER PRESIDING OFFICER.

General Duties.

20. The person elected as Mayor shall be deemed one of the Municipal Council and the head or chief executive officer of the Corporation.

(a.) It shall be the duty of the Mayor to cause the law for the improvement of the municipality to be duly executed and put in force.

(b.) To communicate from time to time to the Council all such information, and recommend all such by-laws, resolutions and measures, as, in his opinion, may tend to the improvement of the finances, health, security, cleanliness, and comfort of the municipality.

(c.) The Mayor shall have the power to appoint such members of the Council as he may deem proper to be standing committees for any purposes which he considers would be better regulated and managed by means of such committees.

But the proceedings of all such Committees shall be subject to the approval of the Council, and no debt may be contracted or money expended by the authority of, or at the direction of such Committee in excess of fifty dollars at a time, unless first sanctioned by the Council in manner provided by statute, or by-law, or resolution of the Council;

(d.) The Mayor shall have unrestricted authority and power to inspect and order the conduct of all officers and employees of the Corporation, and to direct the method of management of the Corporation business and affairs, and as far as may be in his power, to cause all negligence, carelessness, and violations of duty on the part of officers and employees to be prosecuted and punished; but every such case of suspension shall be reported to the Council at its next sitting, and if the Council decide by resolution to reinstate any officer who has been so suspended, they may do so, or the Council may decide to make such suspension absolute. (Vide Sec. 21, and Subs. a. b. c. and d. Mun. Act, 1892.)

21. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of a Municipality at any time within one month from the passage or adoption thereof to intervene and return for consideration, or to veto, any by-lay, resolution or proceeding of the Council which has not been reconsidered by the Council in manner mentioned in the subsections hereof, and which has not been affirmed by the vote of the ratepayers:

(a.) The Mayor may state his objections, or any suggestions or amendments he may desire, to the Council, and the Clerk shall enter such objections, suggestions or amendments proposed at large, in the minute book:

(b.) The Council shall, as soon thereafter as convenient, consider them, and may accept or reject them:

(c.) If after such reconsideration, a majority in number of all the members of the Council shall decide on division to pass the by-law, resolution or proceeding in the form in which it was first passed by the Council, the by-law, resolution or proceeding shall be as valid and effectual as it was prior to the intervention of the Mayor: but in all such cases the vote shall be determined by a show of hands of the members of the Council, and the names of the members voting for or against the by-law, resolution or proceeding shall be entered by the Clerk in the minute book.

(d.) Upon such consideration the by-law, resolution or proceeding shall not pass the Council either in its original or in some amended form, it shall be deemed to be absolutely vetoed, and shall be of no force or effect whatever, and shall not be introduced again into the Council during its then term, except with the unanimous consent of the Council, including the Mayor. Should such by-law, resolution or proceeding be amended upon such reconsideration, the same shall be deemed to have passed in its amended form. (Vide Sec. 22, and Subs. a. b. c. and d. Mun. Act, 1892.)

DUTIES OF PRESIDING OFFICER.

22. The Mayor, if present, shall preside at all meetings of the Council; whether sitting in a Committee of the Whole or otherwise, he shall vote as a member of the Council, but shall not have a casting vote in the event of the votes of all the members of the Council then present, including himself, being equally for or against a question; but in all case when the votes of the members of the Council then present, including the Mayor, are equal for or against the question the question shall be negatived, and it shall be the duty of the presiding member of the Council to so declare. (Vide Sec. 90, Mun. Act, 1892.)

23. The Mayor shall preserve order and decorum, and decide all points of order which may arise, but subject to an appeal to the other members of the Council then present. (Vide Sec. 91, Mun. Act, 1892.)

24. When the Mayor is called upon to decide a point of order or practice, he shall cite the rule or authority applicable to the case without argument or comment.

25. If an appeal be taken by a member of the Council from the decision of the Mayor, the question shall be immediately put by him, and decided without debate, "Shall the Chair be sustained?" and the Mayor shall be governed by the vote of the majority of the members of the Council then present (exclusive of himself), in relation to such point of order, and the names of the members of the Council voting for or against the question "Shall the Chair be sustained?" shall be entered in the minutes and in the event of the votes being equal, the question shall pass in the affirmative. (Vide Sec. 92, Mun. Act, 1892.)

26. If the Mayor shall refuse to act upon the point of order as decided in accordance with the preceding section of this by-law, the Council may by a resolution at once made, appoint one of their number to preside in lieu of such Mayor, until the question or matter giving rise to the point of order shall have been disposed of, and the member of the Council so temporarily appointed shall act accordingly, and in the event of the votes being equal, the question shall pass in the affirmative. (Vide Sec. 93, Mun. Act, 1892.)

27. Any motion carried under the circumstances mentioned in the preceding section shall be as effectual and binding as if carried under the presidency of the Mayor. (Vide Sec. 94, Mun. Act, 1892.

28. If the Mayor desires to leave the chair for the purpose of taking part in the debate, or otherwise, he shall call on one of the Aldermen to fill his place until he resumes the chair.

RULES OF CONDUCT AND DEBATE.

29. Every member, previous to speaking to any question or motion, shall rise to his feet uncovered, and shall address himself to the Mayor.

30. Members shall address the chair as "Mr. Mayor," or "Mr. Chairman," and refer to each other as "The Mayor," or Alderman ....., as the case may be.

31. When two or more members rise to speak, the Mayor shall name the member, who, in his opinion, first rose from his seat; but a motion may be made that any member who has risen "be now heard," or "do now speak."

32. A member called to order from the chair shall immediately sit down, but may afterwards explain; and the Council, if appealed to, shall decide the case, but without debate, if there be no appeal, the decision of the Mayor shall be final.

33. No member shall speak disrespectfully of Her Majesty the Queen, or any of the Royal Family, or of the Governor-General, or persons administering the Government of the Dominion, or of this Province; nor shall he use offensive words in or against the Council or against any member thereof; nor shall he speak beside the question in debate, and no member shall reflect upon any vote of the Council except for the purpose of moving that such vote be rescinded; nor shall he resist the rules of the Council or disobey the decision of the Mayor or of the Council on questions of order or practice, or upon the interpretation of the rules of the Council; and in case any member shall so resist or disobey, he may be ordered by the Council to leave his seat for that meeting, and in case of his refusing to do so, he may, on the order of the Mayor, be removed therefrom by the police, but in case of ample apology being made by the offender, he may, by vote of the Council, be permitted to forthwith retake his seat.

34. Any member may require the question or motion under discussion to be read at any time during the debate, but not so as to interrupt a member while speaking.

35. No member shall speak more than once to the same question without leave of the Council, except in explanation of a material part of his speech which may have been misconceived, and in doing so he is not to introduce new matter. A reply shall be allowed to a member who has made a substantive motion to the Council, but not to a member who has moved an order of the day, an amendment, the previous question, or an instruction to a committee. No member, without leave of the Council, shall speak to any question, or in reply, for a longer time than a quarter of an hour.

36. When a debate on a question is closed and the Council is ready for the question the Mayor shall proceed to "put" the question, that is to say, the Mayor shall say, "Is the Council ready for the question?" Having read the question on which the decision of the Council is to be first given he shall take the sense of the members thereon by saying, "Those who are of the contrary opinion will signify the same by saying 'aye,' resolution or proceeding in the form in which it was first passed by the Council, the by-law, resolution or proceeding shall be as valid and effectual as it was prior to the intervention of the Mayor: but in all such cases the vote shall be determined by a show of hands of the members of the Council, and the names of the members voting for or against the by-law, resolution or proceeding shall be entered by the Clerk in the minute book.

(d.) Upon such consideration the by-law, resolution or proceeding shall not pass the Council either in its original or in some amended form, it shall be deemed to be absolutely vetoed, and shall be of no force or effect whatever, and shall not be introduced again into the Council during its then term, except with the unanimous consent of the Council, including the Mayor. Should such by-law, resolution or proceeding be amended upon such reconsideration, the same shall be deemed to have passed in its amended form. (Vide Sec. 22, and Subs. a. b. c. and d. Mun. Act, 1892.)

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35. No member shall speak more than once to the same question without leave of the Council, except in explanation of a material part of his speech which may have been misconceived, and in doing so he is not to introduce new matter. A reply shall be allowed to a member who has made a substantive motion to the Council, but not to a member who has moved an order of the day, an amendment, the previous question, or an instruction to a committee. No member, without leave of the Council, shall speak to any question, or in reply, for a longer time than a quarter of an hour.

36. When a debate on a question is closed and the Council is ready for the question the Mayor shall proceed to "put" the question, that is to say, the Mayor shall say, "Is the Council ready for the question?" Having read the question on which the decision of the Council is to be first given he shall take the sense of the members thereon by saying, "Those who are of the contrary opinion will signify the same by saying 'aye,' the question (or amendment as the case may be) will raise the right hand." "Those who are of the contrary opinion will raise the right hand." When the supporters and opponents of the question have given their votes for and against the same, the Mayor shall declare the question "resolved in the affirmative," or "passed in the negative," as the case may be.

37. When the Mayor is putting the question no member shall walk across the room, or make any noise or disturbance, nor when a member is speaking shall any other member pass between him and the chair, or interrupt him, except to raise a point of order.

38. After the question is finally put by the Mayor, no member shall speak to the question, nor shall any other motion be made until after the result of the vote has been declared, and the decision of the Mayor as to whether the question has been finally put, shall be conclusive.

39. Every member who shall be present when a question is put shall be expected to vote thereon, unless the Council shall excuse him, or unless he be personally interested in the question, provided such interest is resolvable into a personal pecuniary profit, or is peculiar to that member, and not in common with the citizens at large, and in such cases he shall not vote but leave his chair while the vote is being taken, and resume it immediately thereafter.

40. Should any such member refrain from voting when any question is put, for any other reason than that mentioned in the last preceding section he shall be regarded as having voted in the affirmative and his vote shall be counted accordingly.

41. The names of those who vote for and those who vote against the question shall be entered upon the minutes whenever any member shall call for the ayes and nays, and the Clerk shall read aloud the names, in order that any mistake may be rectified.

42. The members of the Council shall not leave their places on adjournment until the Mayor leaves the chair.

MOTIONS IN GENERAL.

43. Previous to the introduction of any by-law or resolution at any meeting of the Council, a notice in writing of the resolution to be introduced or the by-law proposed to be brought forward by any member shall be publicly exhibited for twenty-four hours previous to such meeting in a public place, viz., on the notice board in the vestibule of the main entrance of the the vestibule of the main entrance to the City Hall, Douglas street. (Vide Sec. 88, Mun. Act, 1892.)

44. No notice shall be considered regularly before the Council until it has been reduced to writing and read or proposed from the chair.

45. The Mayor shall read the motion at length, "Alderman..... moves, seconded by Alderman ..... that &c.," and having read it he shall ask, "Is it the pleasure of the Council to adopt the motion?" When the Council is in this way formally seized of a question it may be debated, amended, superseded, resolved in the affirmative or passed in the negative, as the Council may decide.

46. After a motion is read by the Mayor, it shall be deemed to be in the possession of the Council, but may, with permission of the Council be withdrawn at any time before decision or amendment.

47. A motion for commitment until it is decided, shall preclude all amendments of the main question.

48. A motion to adjourn the Council, or to adjourn, the debate will always be in order, but no second motion to the same effect shall be made until after some intermediate proceeding shall have been had.

49. When a question is under consideration no motion shall be received unless:

(1.) To commit.

(2.) To amend.

(3.) To lay on the table.

(4.) To postpone indefinitely.

(5.) To postpone to a certain time.

(6.) To adjourn.

(7.) To move the previous question.

The several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are named, and the last five shall be neither amendable or debatable.

A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, but it must be simply in the form "That the Council do now adjourn," or, "That the debate be now adjourned," and a motion to adjourn the Council or the debate to a certain day or adding any expression of opinion or qualification thereto, shall not come within the terms of this rule.

A motion simply to lay the question on the table shall not be debatable under this rule, but a motion "to lay on the table to publish," or adding some condition or opinion or qualification, shall be subject to amendment and debate.

THE PREVIOUS QUESTION.

50. The previous question, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendment of the main question and shall be in the following words: "That this question be now put." If the previous question be resolved in the affirmative the original question shall be put forthwith without any amendment or debate. But if the previous question be resolved in the negative, then the main question shall again be debatable.

PRIVILEGES.

51. Whenever any matter of privilege arises it shall be immediately taken into consideration.

AMENDMENTS IN GENERAL.

52. A member shall have the right of moving an amendment to a motion without giving notice thereof. The amendment may propose:

(1.) To leave out certain words.

(2.) To leave out certain words and to insert or add others.

(3.) To insert or add certain words.

53. When it is proposed to amend a motion the question shall be put to the Council in this way: "The Mayor shall first state the original motion, "Alderman ..... moves, seconded by Alderman ..... that &c.;" then the Mayor shall proceed to give the amendment, "To this Alderman ..... moves, seconded by Alderman, ... that &c." The Mayor shall put the amendment directly in the first place to the Council, "Is it the pleasure of the Council to adopt the amendment?" If the amendment be negatived the Mayor shall again propose the main question and a debate shall ensue thereon or another amendment may then be submitted, but not by the member who moved the negatived amendment. On the other hand if the Council adopt the amendment then the Mayor shall again propose the question in these words, "Is it the pleasure of the Council to adopt the main motion (or question) so amended?" It shall be competent then for a member to propose another amendment "That the main motion (or question) as amended, &c., be further amended, &c."

But such amendments are subject to the limitations set forth in the two next succeeding sections.

55. Only one amendment shall be allowed to an amendment, and an amendment once negatived by the Council cannot be proposed a second time.

56. Amendments shall be put in the reverse order to that in which they are moved (except in filling up the blanks when the longest time and the smallest sum, shall be put first), that is to say, when there are a main motion, an amendment, and an amendment thereto, the Mayor shall submit first and take the sense of the Council on the last amendment: "Is it the pleasure of the Council to adopt the amendment to the amendment?" If the second amendment is rejected, it shall be regular to move another (provided, it is different in purport from the one already negatived) as soon as the mayor shall have again proposed the question: "Is it the pleasure of the Council to adopt the amendment to the main motion (or original question)?" Every amendment submitted shall be reduced in writing and it shall be decided or withdrawn before the main question is put to the vote.

MOTIONS RULED OUT OF ORDER.

57. Whenever the Mayor is of opinion that a motion is contrary to the rules and privileges of the Council, he shall apprise the members thereof immediately, before putting the question, and shall cite the rule or authority applicable to the case without argument or comment.

DIVISION ON A QUESTION.

58. When the question under consideration contains distinct propositions, upon the request of any member, the vote upon such proposition shall be taken separately.

RECONSIDERATION.

59. After any question, except one of indefinite postponement has been decided, any member may, at the first meeting held thereafter, move for a reconsideration thereof, but no discussion on the main question shall be allowed unless reconsidered, and there shall be no reconsideration unless notice of such reconsideration be given in accordance with section 43 of this by-law.

60. No question shall be reconsidered more than once, nor shall a vote to reconsider be reconsidered.

VOTING ON APPOINTMENTS.

61. In every election by the council for a Municipal officer, the names of all the candidates shall be submitted before any vote is taken, and the vote shall be by ballot. (Vide Sec. 101, Mun. Act, 1892.)

62. The Clerk shall prepare one ballot marked with his initials for each member of the Council, having written thereon the names of all the applicants; each member shall mark his ballot in the usual manner, by placing an X opposite the name of the person for whom he desires to vote; and the candidate receiving a majority vote of the members then present shall be declared elected; in the case of other elections being required, the balloting shall proceed in each case as at first until the requisite number shall have been elected. Should no candidate receive a majority of votes on taking the first ballots, the names of the candidates receiving the smallest number of votes in the ballot shall be dropped and so on in each succeeding ballot until an election shall have been effected. The Mayor and Clerk shall act as scrutineers in all such cases.

ENQUIRIES.

63. Questions may be put to the Mayor or other presiding officer, or through him to any member of the Council relating to any by-law, motion, or other matter connected with the business of the Council, or the affairs of the City, but no argument or opinion is to be offered or facts to be stated except so far as may be necessary to explain the same, and in answering any such question a member is not to debate the matter to which the same refers.

64. All enquiries shall be in writing, and shall be handed to the Clerk of the Council at least two days clear before the day of the meeting at which such enquiry is to be made; and the answer to such enquiry shall be put in writing and handed to the Mayor or other presiding officer at least one hour before the meeting, and shall be read by him from the chair.

PROCEEDINGS IN COMMITTE OF THE WHOLE.

65. A committee of the whole Council shall be appointed by a resolution: "That this Council do resolve itself into a committee of the whole." The Mayor shall then say: "Alderman ..... moves that the Council do now resolve itself into a committee of the whole to consider (here state subject matter)." An amendment may be then moved against the principle of the proposed resolution or question, or the motion for committee may be negatived.

66. If the motion is agreed to, the Mayor shall leave the chair (unless the Council desires otherwise) but he shall first appoint a chairman of the committee of the whole, who shall maintain order in the committee and who shall report the proceedings thereof.

67. No by-law or report of the committee shall be discussed in committee of the whole, unless such by-law or report has been previously type-written or printed and placed in the hands of the members, except it shall be otherwise decided by a vote of two-thirds of the members present, without debate.

68. The rules of the Council shall be observed in committee of the whole, so far as may be applicable, except that no motion shall require to be seconded, nor shall a motion for the previous question, or for an adjournment be allowed; and in taking the ayes and nays the names of the members shall not be recorded, nor shall the number of times of speaking on any question be limited. No member shall speak for a longer time than ten minutes on any question.

69. Questions of order arising in committee of the whole shall be decided by the chairman, subject to an appeal to the Council; and if any disorder should arise in the committee the Mayor shall resume the chair without any questioon being put.

70. Every question in committee shall be decided by a majority of voices.

71. In case of a division being called for the question shall be decided by a show of hands. The Clerk shall count and declare the number on each side and the chairman shall announce the result of the vote.

72. A motion in committee of the whole to rise without reporting, or that the chairman leave the chair shall always be in order, and shall take precedence of any other motion. On such motion debate shall be subject referred to the committee shall be considered as disposed of in the negative, and the Mayor shall resume the chair, and proceed with the next order of business.

Cheap School Suits 100 Boys' two-price SAMPLE SUITS at $1.50 per suit. Sizes from 22 to 26. These Goods are MARKED DOWN to clear. See them.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson Street, Victoria

No member shall speak more than once to such a motion.

73. When all the matters referred to the committee of the whole have been considered, the chairman shall report the same to the Council. The Mayor, then on resuming the chair, shall ask: "Shall the report be adopted?" and the report may then be adopted or rejected or agreed to with amendments, or the matters therein contained, any or every, recommitted, or the further consideration thereof postponed, provided however, that the committee when it has partly considered a matter may report progress and ask leave to sit again, which, if the Council approve, when the order for committee is again read, the Mayor, unless the Council decide otherwise, shall leave the chair forthwith without putting any question, and the Council shall thereupon resolve itself into a committee of the whole.

PROCEEDINGS IN REGARD TO THE PASSAGE OF BY-LAWS.

74. In proceeding with the introduction of a by-law the Mayor shall say: "Alderman ..... moves that leave be granted to introduce a by-law to," (giving title at length). On this motion being seconded and read from the chair it shall be debatable and amendable, but after it is agreed to, the next question "When shall the by-law be read a first time?" must be agreed to without amendment or debate, though the Council may divide thereon and refuse the reading of the measure. In the case of a by-law recommended by the Mayor, under the provision of sub-section f, of section 20 herein, the motion to introduce may be dispensed with and the following question put by the chair, substituted in lieu thereof: "Shall the by-law (giving title) be introduced?"

75. No by-law shall be introduced either in blank or in an incomplete form.

76. Every by-law shall be printed or typewritten before or immediately after the first reading thereof, and shall be read a second time, and then considered in committe of the whole, and shall be read a third time, before it is signed by the Mayor.

77. Every by-law shall receive three several readings and on different days previous to its being adopted, except on urgent and extraordinary occasions, and upon a vote of two-thirds of the members present, when it may be read twice or advanced two or more stages in one day, subject however, to section 92 herein.

78. When a by-law has been read the first time, an order may be made forthwith, that the by-law be read a second time on a future day, or immediately, if the by-law be passed with unusual expedition.

79. On the order of the day being read for the second reading of a by-law, a motion shall be made, and a question put: "Shall the by-law be now read a second time?"

At this stage the introducer of the by-law shall be entitled to address the Council and propose a motion relative to the principle of the measure.

81. When the by-law has been read a second time the Mayor shall put the question: "When shall the Council resolve itself into committee of the whole on this by-law?" The Council on motion of the introducer of the by-law shall fix the time, and, if on a future day, when the order is duly reached, or, if immediately, the Mayor shall put the question, "Alderman ..... moves that the Council do now resolve itself into committee of the whole upon this by-law."

82. In proceedings in committee of the whole upon by-laws, the preamble shall be first postponed, and then every clause considered by the committee in its proper order; the preamble and title to be last considered.

83. The chairman shall read each clause, and put the question formally thereon: "Shall the clause stand part of the by-law?" The clause shall then be debatable or amendable, line by line, or word by word. If amended, then the question shall be put: "That the clause, as amended, stand part of the by-law." On an amendment to "strike out and insert," the paragraph to be amended shall first be read as it stands, then the words proposed to be struck out and those to be inserted, and finally the paragraph as it would stand if so amended.

84. Amendments to clauses of a by-law may be made provided the same be relevant to the subject matter of the by-law.

85. A clause may be postponed, unless upon an amendment thereto a question has been fully put from the chair.

ed after the remaining clauses of the by-law, and before new clauses are brought up.

87. If a clause be disagreed to, a new clause in lieu thereof may be brought up after the remaining clauses of the by-law have been disposed of.

88. When every clause and schedule has been agreed to, and any new clauses or schedules have been added to the by-law the preamble shall be considered, and a question put, "That this be the preamble of the bylaw."

89. When all the clauses of a by-law have not been considered, the chairman shall be directed to report progress, and ask leave to sit again.

90. When a by-law has been fully considered, the chairman shall be directed either to report the by-law without amendment to the Council, or to report the by-law with amendments.

91. The chairman in pursuance of the directions of the committee, shall report the by-law forthwith to the Council and the by-law may then be passed on question put from the chair, "Shall the by-law now pass?"

92. Every by-law passed by the Council shall be reconsidered, not less than one day after the original passage, and if adopted by the Council and signed by the Mayor, or confirmed by the municipal electors, shall come into effect, and be binding on all persons after the publication of the same in the British Columbia Gazette, and in some one or more of the newspapers selected by the Council and circulating in the municipality, unless the date of its coming into effect is otherwise postponed by such by-law; provided, however, that in the case of a by-law requiring the assent of the electors, such assent shall be given before the by-law is reconsidered, adopted and published as aforesaid. (Vide Sec. 122, Mun. Act, 1892.)

93. Every by-law shall be under the seal of the Corporation, and shall be signed by the Mayor, or by the person legally presiding at the meeting at which the by-law has been passed, and by the Clerk of the Council. (Vide Sec. 123, Mun. Act, 1892.)

94. The Clerk shall endorse on all by-laws read in Council the dates of the several readings and passage thereof.

95. All by-laws adopted by this Council shall be printed, paged and bound up in a separate volume for the year in which they are passed, and shall have a separate index.

96. Every by-law which has passed the Council shall immediately after being sealed with the seal of the Corporation, and signed by the Mayor, be deposited by the Clerk for security in the vault connected with his office.

STANDING AND SELECT COMMITTEES.

97. There shall be annually appointed by the Mayor at the first meeting of each newly elected Council the Standing Committees of the Council, designated as follow, which designation shall be understood and taken as defining the class of subjects or matters coming within the purview and province of each committee to consider and report upon respectively, namely: Finance, Streets and Bridges, Sewers, Electric Light, Water, Market, Home for the Aged and Infirm, Printing, Park, Pound, Cemetery, Library and Fire Wardens.

98. Each standing committee of the Council shall consist of one member from each ward, and the Mayor shall be (ex-officio) a member of all standing and special committees.

99. At the first meeting after the appointment annually by the Mayor, the Finance, Streets, Sewerage, Water and Fire Wardens Committees shall determine the days of the future regular meetings of the said committees, and also the hour at which each of such meetings shall be held.

100. The members of each standing committee of the Council shall meet and transact its business at the City Hall. A meeting of any committee may be called by the chairman whenever he considers it necessary to do so, but he shall notify the members of the committee at least twelve hours before the meeting takes place.

101. Members of the Council may attend the meetings of any of its committees but shall not be allowed to vote nor shall they be allowed to take part in any discussion or debate except by permission of the majority of the members of the committee.

102. The general duties of the standing committees of the Council shall be as follows:

(a.) To consider and report in writing to the Council from time to time or whenever desired by the Council and as often as the interest of the City may require on all matters referred to them by the Mayor or Council or coming within their purview, and to recommend such action by the Council in relation thereto as they (the committee) may deem necessary, or expedient, and every such report shall be signed by a majority of each committee, including the chairman.

(b.) To carry out the instructions of the Council expressed by resolution in regard to any matter referred by the Council to any committee for immediate action thereupon, but in such case the instructions of the Council shall be specific, and the committee shall report its action in detail at the next meeting of the Council thereafter.

(c.) To prepare, or cause to be prepared, all by-laws which may be necessary to give effect to such of their reports or recommendations as are adopted by the Council.

(d.) To examine all accounts in connection with any office or department of the Corporation, the affairs of which office or department are matters which come directly within the view of any committee. All orders for supplies in connection with any such department shall be signed, and all accounts therefor certified, by the chairman of such committee, and in his absence or illness, by any member of the committee.

(e.) To engage the services temporarily of any person to supply a vacancy caused by the discontinuance for any cause of the services of any employee of the Corporation, but such engagement shall only hold mitteet at the next meeting of the Council thereafter.

(f.) To present to the Council at the last regular meeting of the Council, or as soon thereafter as possible in each year, for the information of the Council and citizens generally, as well as for the guidance of the committees for the following year, a general report of the state of the various matters referred to them respectively during the year, the work or business done, through or by each committee, and the expenditure made under their authority or superintendence; such report shall also state the number of meetings called by each committee during the year, the number of meetings at which a quorum was present, the number of times each member was absent, and such report shall contain such suggestions in regard to the future action of the succeeding committees as experience may enable the reporting committee to make in repect of the matters embraced in their report.

103. The Council may, out of their own number, appoint from time to time by resolution, select committees to consider or inquire into any matter, and to report their opinion for the information of the Council. (Vide Sec. 98, Mun. Act, 1892.)

104. The Council, or any standing or special committee thereof, shall have power, under the hand and seal of the Mayor of such Council, to summon witnesses for examination on oath in any and all matters connected with or relating to the administration of municipal affairs, and shall have the power to enforce the attendance of such witnesses and compel them to give evidence as is vested in any court of law in civil cases. Any member of such standing or special committee may administer the oath to any witness called before such committee, and witnesses shall be subject to be cross-examined, and re-examined, according to the rules and practice of the Supreme Court of British Columbia in civil cases. (Vide Sec. 11, Mun. Act, 1893.)

105. Any member of the Council may be placed on a standing or select committee, not withstanding the absence of such member at the time of his being named upon such committee. The first named member of any committee shall be chairman of the committee, subject to the provisions of the next succeeding section.

106. Every member who shall introduce a motion on any subject which may be referred to a select committee shall be one of the committee, and shall, unless the committee otherwise determine, be the chairman of such committee.

107. Of the number of members appointed to compose any standing or select committee, a majority, exclusive of an ex-officio member, shall be a quorum competent to

108. In the transaction of business all standing and select committees shall adhere strictly to the rules governing proceedings in meetings of the Council as far as applicable.

SUSPENSION OF RULES.

109. Any one or more of these rules and orders may be temporarily suspended by a vote of two-thirds of the whole Council, excepting those contained in Sections 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 43, 61, 92, 93, 103, 104, and 113 herein.

UNPROVIDED CASES.

110. In all unprovided cases in the proceedings of the Council or in committee, the laws, rules and usages of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia shall be followed.

111. No person except members and officers of the Council shall be allowed to come within the bar during the sitting of the Council without the permission of the Mayor.

ADJOURNMENT.

112. The Council shall always adjourn at the hour of 11 o'clock p.m., if in session at that hour—unless otherwise determined by a vote of two-thirds of the members present.

SPECIAL PROVISION.

113. The Municipal Council shall be deemed and considered as always continuing and existing, notwithstanding any annual or other election of the members composing the same; and upon and after the annual election of the members thereof, and their having organized and held their first meeting as a Council, the Council may take up and carry on to completion all by-laws, reports, and proceedings which have been begun or have been under consideration by the Council, either in the next preceding year or subsequent or prior thereto, and it shall not be necessary to beg in de novo with any by-law, proceeding, report, matter, or thing entertained by the Council in such preceding year or subsequent, or prior thereto as aforesaid. (Vide Sec. 117, Mun. Act, 1892.)

This By-law may be cited as the "Council Proceedure By-law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 22nd day of October, 1894.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 26th day of October, 1894.

(L. S.) JOHN TEAGUE, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1894, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that any desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any section thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. CHARLES CLUTHE, 194 King St. W., Toronto.

....LIVE PEOPLE READ LIVE ADS....
....LIVE PEOPLE READ LIVE ADS....
....LIVE PEOPLE READ LIVE ADS....
....LIVE PEOPLE READ LIVE ADS....

VICTORIA PARLIAMENT.

Opening on Tuesday by the Earl of Hopetoun.

Melbourne, Oct. 30.—The Earl of Hopetoun, governor of Victoria, opened parliament to-day. He said the session would be devoted to the work of placing the colony's finances on a sound basis. Strict economy would be observed in all the departments and direct taxation would be used to keep the proper balance of the budget. The emoluments of the higher government officials and of the judges would be reduced. A tax on the improved value of land would be introduced and an absentee land tax would be enforced. Efforts would be made also to secure the federation of the colonies. The speech advocated a federation with intercolonial free trade and such a degree of protection for the Victoria industries as would save them from the keenest competition of the outside world.

IN A FIRE TRAP.

Tenants Smothered to Death in a New York Tenement.

New York, Oct. 31.—Seven people were smothered to death by smoke in a tenement house fire at 216 West 32nd street yesterday. They were George Friedman, aged 4; Levi Friedman, 3; Annie Appleblat, 22; Lena Mitchell, 24; Mrs. Margaret Killian, 70; Jacob Killian, her son, 40; George Levi, Mrs. Killian's grandson, 20. Lena Friedman, mother of the dead children, jumped from the third story window. She was fatally injured. The house was a five-story brick tenement. There were seven families. The only means of escape was by a narrow stairway. The fire was discovered at three o'clock by passersby. There was not a sign of life. To enter the house meant death. The only hope for those within was arousing them by shouting. In a few minutes there was not a window in the front of the house that did not contain the wild and frightened face of man, woman or child, framed in the smoke which poured forth in volumes. By means of the fire escapes twenty tenants reached the ground, descending in the midst of flame and smoke before ladder trucks arrived. In the third story the flames spread over the entire rear portion. There lived Nathan Friedman, his wife Lena and three young children, with two boarders, Annie Appleblat and Lena Mitchell. N. Friedman was aroused by the smoke and noise. Clutching the baby in his arms he sprang to the window and descended by the fire escape. Mrs. Friedman had rushed to the window, but not where the fire escape was. She leaped from the window and fell into the rear basement area. The Friedman children and two boarders slept in an inner apartment. The fire had not reached them, but smoke reached the room where George and Levi Friedman and Lena Mitchell were still in bed. When found the peaceful expression on their faces showed that they had no knowledge of the death that came to them so suddenly. Annie Appleblat was lying dead upon the floor. Evidently she had been aroused and stopped to don her clothing and had died before she finished. On the fourth floor Mrs. Killian and her son were found in bed and her grandson was on the floor half way to the window in the rear.

HAND WEAVING REVIVED.

An Accomplishment of Former Days Recommended.

Since the piano came into fashion hand loom weaving as an accomplisment for ladies has disappeared. In the old days ability to play the shuttle was regarded as a great enhancement of women's charms, and was useful as well as ornamental, for it enabled Penelope to outmanoeuvre the importunate suitors who wished her to forget her absent lord. A proposal will shortly be submitted to the London school board for the revival of this art among the girls attending the classes under its care. Preliminary investigations have proven so satisfactory that a committee, of which Lord Colchester was a member, have decided to recommend the innovation, and, as a beginning, suggest the purchase of six hand looms for use in girls' schools. The ing with colored papers, and gradually introduced to the higher branches of the industry. As an illustration of the useful work that can be accomplished with the hand loom, it is stated that a lady who possessed one unravelled an old travelling rug, and from the best portions manufactured thirteen articles of wearing apparel for poor children in her village. A distinct lesson in thrift can, it is claimed, be enforced in this way, apart from the educational advantages it bestows upon girls.—London Telegraph.

When Others Fail

Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the shattered system by giving vigorous action to the digestive organs, creating an appetite and purifying the blood. It is prepared by modern methods, possesses the greatest curative powers, and has the most wonderful record of actual cures of any medicine in existence. Take only Hood's.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. 25c.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Mortgagee's Sale.

Of portion of Suburban Five Acre Lot Eight, bounded as follows: Commencing at a point on the east side of Quadra street 85 feet distant from the northeast corner of Quadra and North Park streets, thence northerly along the east side of Quadra street 60 feet, thence at right angles easterly 90 feet, thence at right angles southerly, 60 ft. thence at right angles westerly [illegible] together with two-story dwelling thereon known as 129 Quadra St. under power of sale contained in a certain indenture of mortgage dated the 15th day of September, 1890 and registered in Charge Book Vol. 9, Fol. 242, No. 9,424B, at the Land Registry office in the city of Victoria. Tenders addressed to the undersigned are requested for the purchase of the above described property up to 12 o'clock noon of Wednesday, the 31st day of October.

Terms Cash.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Victoria, October 1st, 1894.

J. ST. CLAIR BLACKETT, Agent for Mortgagee.

oct2-1m

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas Bowness, deceased, and in the matter of the "Official Administrator's Act."

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Drake, bearing date the 5th day of October, A.D. 1894, I was appointed administrator of all and singular the personal estate, chattels and credits of Thomas Bowness, late of the city of Victoria, deceased intestate.

Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 5th day of November, A.D. 1894, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

WM. MONTEITH, Official Administrator.

oct8-1mo

Land Registry Act.

Part (25x70 feet) of lot 162 Victoria City.—A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above Hereditaments will be issued to Anna Pittock on the 19th. day of January, 1895 unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein or in some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON, Deputy Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C. 15th October, 1894. oct15-td

Mortgagee's Sale.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria, B. C., as No. 14,547 B in Charge Book vol. II, fol. 581, tenders will be received by the undersigned not later than noon on the 16th of November, 1894, for the purchase of sections 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 of the easterly 50 acres of section 9, and the easterly 75 acres of section 10 in range 4, Comiaken District in Vancouver Island, continuing in all 825 acres more or less.

The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Dated October 15th, 1894.

16 Chancery Lane, Victoria, B.C., Solicitor for the Mortgagee. o16-1m

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

COULD STAND IT NO LONGER.

Postoffice Clerks and Letter Carriers Go Out on Strike This Morning.

The Dominion Government Ignores a Petition Sent From Victoria.

—The third class post office clerks and the letter carriers have been forced by the post office department to go out on strike. That the men took this step reluctantly on account of the inconvenience to the public is shown by the length of time they have given the department to remedy their grievances.

It is just four months since the Dominion government stopped the provisional allowance given to the clerks in Victoria on account of the additional cost of living in the west. Up to that time the third class clerks were receiving $33.33 and $10 provisional allowance, and the carriers $30 and $10 provisional allowance, less 90 cents deducted for superannuation fees. The $10 was knocked off on the 1st of July and has not been paid since, although frequent complaints have been made to the department at Ottawa, and the city's representatives in the house of commons. These complaints have always been received with the stereotyped answer, "Will be considered," or "Will be referred to the postmaster-general upon his return." When the matter was first brought to the notice of the department at Ottawa the postmaster-general, Sir Adolphe Caron, was in England. It was promised that the matter would be settled immediately upon his return. The men waited patiently until his return, and then were happy in the hope that justice would be done them. But their confidence in the Tory administration began to wane as week passed after week, and still the money due them did not arrive. Messrs. Earle and Prior, the city's representatives, were called upon and dispatches were sent to Ottawa, but conferences and telegrams had no effect. Either the city's representatives did not have any influence at Ottawa or they took more interest in matters of less importance and allowed the Dominion government to carry on their "sweating" system—for it is nothing less—without entering any serious objections. Finding that all their efforts resulted in nil, the men at last called on the citizens, and a petition was signed and forwarded to Ottawa. That petition was simply ignored by Sir Adolphe Caron and his staff of well paid assistants, until a telegram was sent to Ottawa asking if it had been received. The answer to that telegram was to the effect:

"Sir Adolphe Caron is in New York; will consider it upon his return."

This was the straw that broke the camel's back. A department that would ignore a petition, signed by prominent citizens, would not likely give the men justice. A meeting of those affected was therefore held last evening, and it was decided to go out on strike this morning. This decision was carried out, and at nine o'clock the clerks and carriers walked out, unable to stand the injustice any longer.

Consequently, very little has been done in the office to-day and the carriers did not make their usual rounds. Those holding boxes and the few who got their letters at the general delivery were the only ones who got their mail. The business in the general office was conducted by Postmaster Shakespeare, Assistant Postmaster Cairns and one of the second class clerks from the money order department, who are not affected. There are just thirty-three men out on strike, so the public can form an opinion of the confusion that occurred this morning, when hundreds of people who are in the habit of receiving their mail at their doors called at the wicket for it and were told that it had not yet been distributed. The Nanaimo mail went out as usual, the railway mail clerks not being affected.

The wires being down, no word could [illegible] day, but when communication is opened up the department will be notified of the trouble and an effort made to obtain justice for the men. A committee waited on the board of trade at 4 o'clock this afternoon, and this evening the men will hold a meeting.

The action of the department is clearly a discrimination against the Victoria office. The clerks in Winnipeg, including the second class clerks, are allowed a provisional allowance of $6.

"Surely," said one of the clerks, if it is necessary to give the Winnipeg clerks $6 on account of the extra cost of living, it is necessary to give us $10 extra, but no; the department says the carriers can live on $29.10 a month and the clerks on $33.33. It seems very much as though the city's representatives did not take a great deal of interest in the matter. They were able by pressure to get a useless concession, and surely they could have got us our allowance. When they first returned from Ottawa they said they did not know whether the allowance had been voted. That showed that they took very little interest in matters relating to the city."

Besides this, the department treats the men in a very small and mean manner. If a man is sick for half a day his wages are "docked," but no one goes on in his place, the other clerks doing the work. They would just like to know where the amount that is docked goes to. One of them very aptly remarked that probably some of it was pocketed by the eastern boodlers. Although the men have to contribute to the superannuation fund they are not likely to benefit by it, as the department can dismiss them at any time for some trifling offence, through which they lose their interest in the fund.

There is quite a contrast between the treatment accorded the letter carriers on the sound and the way in which the Dominion government treat their officials. In Seattle and Tacoma the men are taken on probation for a year, receiving $60 a month. If they prove efficient their wages are raisedt o $70 a month, and even higher. Even the carriers in the east, where living is cheap, complain of the poor pay, and have time and time again petitioned the government to raise it, but without success. If it is too low for the eastern men, how can men be expected to live on it in British Columbia?

What the men demand is that they be paid the $40 due them as provisional allowance for four months and that arrangements be made for the payment of the allowance in the future. They contend that the best way to settle the matter is to add the allowance to the wages and make it a regular thing. The other civil service clerks had the same trouble some years ago, and it was settled in this way.

The delivery wickets at the post office had to be closed for some time to-day to allow the postmaster, his assistant and the clerk, who were handling the business, time to sort the mail.

THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY.

Waiting for Davie to Carry Out Some of His Promises.

Slocan Times.

A. McKenzie, who is one of the principal owners in the Alpha mine, paid the Slocan a flying visit this week. A large payment was made on the bond. In fact, the former owners of the property have up to now received $53,500 of the purchase price, and the balance of $15,500 will be paid about the 10th of November.

G. W. Hughes will connect the Mountain Chief mine by sleigh road with the concentrator when he gets the subsidy of $1200 promised him by Theodore Davie for this purpose. This road will follow the line of the government wagon road between New Denver and Three Forks. The citizens of New Denver have got to make a move of some kind. They must either move out of the town themselves or do something towards securing connection with the mines by road.

The material has been ordered and will shortly be on the ground to connect New Denver and Three Forks by telephone. The connection with Silverton is already made. This will give the business men of all three towns a chance to converse with each other. It will also be of great service to the Slocan Milling company. The system will be put in under the Kootenay Lake Telephone company's charter, which covers the ground. It will not be long before Sandon and many of the principal mines are embraced in the circuit.

J. Fred Hume, M. P. P., is taking in the Slocan before going to Victoria and priming himself on the wants of his constituency.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Cases Before Mr. Justice Drake in the County Court.

The sittings of the November County Court commenced this morning before Mr. Justice Drake. The list includes many trivial cases, with a sprinkling of more important suits.

Mrs. Butler sued her tenant, named Shaw, for $12 rent of premises. Defendant before leaving had planted the garden with onions, kidney beans and several delicacies of the fruits of which he had been deprived and in consequence he put in a counter claim. His lordship said he would have to pay $6, whereupon Shaw picked up the exhibits and record and started happy away; the judge told him to leave the papers, as they were the property of the court, and that as he had to pay for them he thought he could take them away.

The Albion Iron Works Co., sued Eli Beam for $286 for work done on the A.O.U.W. building on Yates street, and claimed a lien against the Building Association. Judgment went by default against Beam, and the lien matter was referred to chambers.

BIRTH.

McKAY—On the 30th Oct., the wife of W. McKay, of a son.

DIED.

BEHNSEN—In this city, on the 27th inst., Lizzie, beloved wife of H. F. W. Behnsen, aged 35 years.

Funeral will take place from family residence, No. 2 Centre Road, Spring Ridge, at 2 p.m., on Friday, and from St. Andrew's Cathedral at 2:30 p.m.

Interesting to Ladies.

"CAMELLINE," the peerless beautifier and preservative of the COMPLEXION received the special and unusual distinction of the highest possible AWARD OF HONOR over all competitors at the Midwinter Exposition, for purity, effectiveness and absolute freedom from injurious substances.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum sold druggists.

—Catarrh—Use Nasal Balm. Quick, positive cure. Soothing, cleansing, healing.

WAR IN THE EAST.

Disgraced Generals Afraid to Meet the Emperor of China at Pekin.

Li Hung Chang Seriously Offers to Purchase Four British Warships.

London, Nov. 1.—A Tientsin dispatch says Generals Weh and Yeh, recently disgraced for cowardice at Ping Yang, have arrived at Tientsin, but were afraid to proceed to Pekin because of the anger of the emperor. The Japanese have placed three brigades across the Yalu river. Fifteen thousand Japanese troops are reported to be in China. Chee Foo dispatches say British Admiral Freemantle has returned from Tientsin. While there Li Hung Chang gravely offered to buy four warships of the British squadron. The admiral said the sale was impossible. The viceroy persisted in his offer. The Chinese imagine the admiral is holding off for a higher price. The Chinese fleet left WeihaieiW a CAOIYU nese fleet left Weihaiwei on the 24th. A naval engagement is expected any time.

London, Oct. 31. The Times publishes the following dispatch from Tientsin: The greater part of the Chinese forces was destroyed before Kiulencheng was evacuated. General Hung's official report praises the valor of the troops, but confesses that they were outmatched by the enemy's weapons and training.

Col. van Hannekin, the German officer who was formerly aide-de-camp of Li Hung Chang, and who rendered great service to the Chinese admiral at the great naval battle fought between the fleets of China and Japan, has been summoned to Pekin by an imperial edict to consult with the government in regard to the military situation.

Hiroshima, Oct. 31.—The Japanese forces who have been pursuing the Chinese north of the Yalu river captured at Atung twenty guns, many rifles and quantities of ammunition and provisions.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 31.—United States Minister Denby, in a cable to the state department from Pekin to-day, says the Chinese forces have been defeated at Kiulencheng and have retreated to the mountains. He also reports that the Japanese have taken one of the Chinese forts at Port Arthur. The scene of the first engagement is just across the Yalu river in Manchuria, and it marks the first real aggressive movement by the Japanese on Chinese soil. The Japanese are supposed to have formally entered upon the campaign with Moukden, the Manchurian capital, as their objective point. Unless they are fully prepared to make a winter campaign, something heretofore unknown in eastern warfare, they will be obliged to force the fighting, as only fifteen days remain before cold weather comes. In the neighborhood of Port Arthur, where the second Chinese success is reported, the winter climate is not so severe, and operations may be continued until much later. Experts in Washington believe that Port Arthur cannot be reduced by the Japanese without the use of heavy siege artillery, and, as far as reported, the Japanese are not supplied with this. Inasmuch as the capture of Port Arthur would give the Japanese control of the Gulf of Pichili and cut off the Chinese capital from communication with the sea, it is thought the Japanese will make a most determined effort to capture the fortress. The belief that they are prepared to do this, even if it involves a long siege and winter campaign, is borne out by the fact that the agents of the Japanese government in this country have quietly bought up a vast store of goat skins, and have practically cornered the market. The skins are commonly used in China and Japan as a necessary part of the soldier's winter raiment.

Chefoo, Oct. 31.—A fleet of Japanese transports, protected by nineteen warships, has been seen landing troops on the mainland of the Kwanglung peninsula, north of Elliott's island.

Yokohama, Oct. 31.—Hearing that the Chinese fleet had left Weihaiwei, the Japanese fleet has started eastward in search of the Chinese vessels.

Wonderful Value

Boots and Shoes for men, women and children, at Russell & McDonald's.

AN ELOPER ARRESTED.

Governor Moresby Succeeds in Preventing a Lynching.

New Westminster, Nov. 1.—Currie who eloped from Mission City last week with a married woman named Ross, taking with them the latter's six children, was captured yesterday near Blaine by a party of Americans, who, armed to the teeth, went after him with the intention of lynching. Currie stole and slaughtered a farmer's cow. Mr. Moresby, who was after Currie at the time, persuaded the lynching party to abandon their purpose, which they did and handed over the eloper on British soil. Currie has numerous robberies against him. When Mrs. Ross eloped she carried away $600 with her.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—F L Stinson, J Myer, M Rosenthal, L Redon, Rev D D Roper, J E McDonald, F Hurst, R Livingstone, W D Fogers, G L Starks, Miss Lees.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Rosale from the Sound—McQuade & Son, C Braund & Co, City Plumbing Co, C W Rogers, Geo McRae, J E McDonald, Hudson Bay Co, Express, B P Co, J M'Flun.

Keep your blood pure and healthy and you will not have rheumatism. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives the blood vitality and richness.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

Assignee Sale

Part of the Stock of the Estate of G. L. Simpson, Consisting of

TOYS, DOLLS, FANCY GOODS, WAGONS, BICYCLES, ETC.,

has been transferred to our store for the convenience of purchasers, where it will be disposed of at prices which will induce everyone to buy. Now is a rare chance to provide your children with objects of amusement for the winter evenings and presents for your friends with little money. Terms, cash only.

C. A. LOMBARD & CO., 81 GOVERNMENT ST.

Also at the old stand, No. 94 Douglas street, a large stock of crockery, glassware and house furnishing goods, bird cages, etc., will be sold at cost.

W. H. BONE, Assignee Estate of Geo. L. Simpson.

New Wellington COAL & WOOD YARD.

Spratt's Wharf. TELEPHONE 144.

C. J. V. SPRATT Agent for the **New Vancouver Coal Co.**

PERRY & TURNER

42 JOHNSON ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.

Builders' Hardware, Stoves, Tinware and Graniteware, Sheet Metal Works, Cornice Work, Sky-Lights and Roofing.

I.X.L.—The Best Steel Range Made.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Orders for changes in the reading of advertisements must be handed in to the Times office before 10 a.m. to insure insertion the same day. New advertisements, displayed, will be received up to 3 p.m. and small ads. until 4 p.m. Merchants and other patrons will aid us a great deal by observing these rules, as the work of re-setting requires time and care, and cannot be done satisfactorily when the paper is being prepared for press.

Gold Silver and Nickle Watches at Rock Bottom Prices at Davidson Bros., The Jewelers

DRINK...

AMILKANDE AMILKANDE AMILKANDE AMILKANDE AMILKANDE

YOU SHOULD BUY IT
YOU SHOULD TRY IT
IT WILL PLEASE YOU
IT WILL PLEASE YOU

TAMILKANDE TEA
40c, 50c, 60c.

SIMON LEISER & CO., Agents.

Is It Hams?

We can suit you as we carry the best line of Hams and Bacon in town. We have Armour's Star Brand, also Vancouver, Seattle and other Cured Meats.

Erskine, Wall & Co.

Corner of Government & Fort Streets.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION

Groceries, Hardware, Clothing, Boots. Closing-Out Sale of a Store.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2nd,

At 11 o'clock a.m.

I will sell at my salesroom, Wharf street, an assortment of Groceries, Drugs, Boots, Shoes, Slippers, and Gum Boots, Patent Medicines, Tobacco, Tin Ware, Assorted Stock of Men's and Boy's Suits, Underclothing, Hardware, Suits for the Woodsies, Oil Skins, Horse Water Proofs, Covers for Loins and Body, Sealers' Aprons, Pants and Boots and other articles too numerous to mention. Call in and inspect.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

oct30

Fall and Winter Suits

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